UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): October 22, 2024

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

99.2

Investor Information

001-32657 (Commission File Number) 98-0363970 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4 Par-la-Ville Road Second Floor Hamilton, HM08 Bermuda (Address of principal executive offices)

Crown House

N/A (Zip Code)

(441) 292-1510

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(I	Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)	
Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is i	intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the	registrant under any of the following provisions:
		Name of exchange on which
Title of each class Common shares	Trading Symbol(s) NBR	registered NYSE
Common snares	NBK	NYSE
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this charging growth company	ing growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities hapter).	Act of 1955 (§250.405 of this chapter) of Rule 126-2 of
Emerging growth company		
Itom 2.03 Desults of Operations and Financial Condition		
Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition	on.	
On October 22, 2024, Nabors Industries Ltd. ("Nacopy of that release is furnished herewith as Exhibit 99.1 at	labors") issued a press release announcing its results of operaund is incorporated herein by reference.	tions for the three months ended September 30, 2024. A
	ence call at 11:00 a.m. Central Time, regarding the Compan- ation, recording and replay of the call, and supplemental in	
The information in this Item 2.02, including Exhi otherwise subject to liabilities of that Section or Sections 1	ibits 99.1 and 99.2, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes 11 and 12(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.	of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act, of 1934 or
Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.		
(d) Exhibits.		
Exhibit No.	Description	
	2 coet iptivii	
99.1 Press Release		

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This communication includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Securities Act and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Words such as "expects," "believes," "may," "should," "will," "intends," "projects," "plans," "estimates," "targets," "anticipates," and other similar words or expressions, or the negative thereof, generally can be used to help identify these forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, as disclosed by Nabors from time to time in its filings with the SEC. Risks and uncertainties related to the proposed transaction include, but are not limited to: the failure of Nabors' shareholders or Parker's shareholders to approve the proposed transaction; the risk that the conditions to the closing of the proposed transaction are not satisfied; the risk that regulatory approvals required for the proposed transaction are not obtained or are obtained subject to conditions that are not anticipated; potential adverse reactions or changes to business relationships resulting from the announcement or completion of the proposed transaction; uncertainties as to the timing of the proposed transaction; competitive responses to the proposed transaction; costs and difficulties related to the integration of Parker's businesses and operations with Nabors' business and operations; the inability to obtain, or delays in obtaining, cost savings and synergies from the proposed transaction; unexpected costs, charges or expenses resulting from the proposed transaction; the inability to attract, retain or motivate key personnel; changes in the market value of Nabors common shares as a result of the announcement of the proposed transaction; any changes in general economic and/or industry specific conditions; and other risks and uncertainties described in the Nabors' periodic reports on Forms 10-K and 10-Q that Nabors files with the SEC. As a result of these factors, Nabors' actual results may differ materially from those indicated or implied by su

No Offer or Solicitation

This communication is not intended to and shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities or a solicitation of any vote of approval, nor shall there be any sale of securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such jurisdiction. No offering of securities shall be made except by means of a prospectus meeting the requirements of Section 10 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Important Additional Information and Where to Find It

In connection with the proposed transaction Nabors will file with the SEC a Registration Statement on Form S-4 to register the shares of Nabors capital stock to be issued in connection with the proposed transaction. The Registration Statement will include a joint proxy statement/prospectus of Nabors and Parker. The definitive joint proxy statement/prospectus will be sent to the shareholders of each of Nabors and Parker seeking their approval of the proposed transaction and other related matters.

WE URGE INVESTORS AND SECURITY HOLDERS TO READ THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-4 AND THE JOINT PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS INCLUDED WITHIN THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM S-4 AND ANY OTHER RELEVANT DOCUMENTS WHEN THEY BECOME AVAILABLE, BECAUSE THEY WILL CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT PARKER, NABORS AND THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION. Investors and security holders will be able to obtain these materials (when they are available) and other documents filed with the SEC by Nabors or Parker free of charge at the SEC's website, www.sec.gov, or from Nabors at its website, www.nabors.com, or from Parker at its website, www.parkerwellbore.com.

Participants in the Solicitation

Date: October 22, 2024

Nabors and certain of its directors, executive officers and other employees, and Parker and certain of its directors, executive officers and other employees may be deemed to be participants in the solicitation of proxies for security holder approvals to be obtained for the proposed transaction. A description of participants' direct or indirect interests, by security holdings or otherwise, will be included in the joint proxy statement/prospectus relating to the proposed transaction when it is filed with the SEC. Information regarding Nabors' directors and executive officers is available in its proxy statement filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024 in connection with its 2024 annual meeting of shareholders (the "Annual Meeting Proxy Statement") under "Proposal 1-Election of Directors- Directors- Directors Nominees," "Proposal 1-Election of Directors-Other Executive Officers," To the extent holdings of securities by potential Nabors participants (or the identity of such participants) have changed since the information printed in the Annual Meeting Proxy Statement, such information has been or will be reflected on Nabors' Statements of Change in Ownership on Forms 3 and 4 filed with the SEC. You may obtain free copies of these documents using the sources indicated above. Information regarding Parker's directors and executive officers is available on Parker's website as indicated above.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD.

By: /s/ Mark D. Andrews

Name: Mark D. Andrews Title: Corporate Secretary





Nabors Announces Third Quarter 2024 Results

HAMILTON, Bermuda, October 22, 2024 /PRNewswire/ - Nabors Industries Ltd. ("Nabors" or the "Company") (NYSE: NBR) today reported third quarter 2024 operating revenues of \$732 million, compared to operating revenues of \$735 million in the second quarter. The net loss attributable to Nabors shareholders for the quarter was \$56 million, compared to a net loss of \$32 million in the second quarter. This equates to a loss of \$6.86 per diluted share, compared to a loss per diluted share of \$4.29 in the second quarter. The third quarter included net charges totaling approximately \$25 million, primarily reflecting the redemption premium on the 2026 notes and market adjustments on investments. Third quarter adjusted EBITDA was \$222 million, compared to \$218 million in the previous quarter.

Highlights

- Last week, Nabors announced the signing of an agreement to acquire Parker Wellbore. Parker's lines of business include the leading franchise in U.S. tubular rentals Quail Tools as well as international tubular rentals, well construction services (including casing running), and drilling rigs. Parker expects to generate EBITDA of \$180 million this year. Nabors has identified synergies potential at an annualized run-rate of \$35 million within 12 months of closing. Nabors will acquire all of Parker's issued and outstanding common stock in exchange for 4.8 million shares of Nabors common stock, subject to a share price collar. Nabors will also assume approximately \$100 million in net debt.
- o Nabors Lower 48 rigs once again set notable performance milestones. A major operator in the Delaware Basin drilled three wells each with four-mile laterals, utilizing a Nabors PACE®-X rig equipped with a Canrig® Sigma topdrive. Sigma's rated torque is the industry's highest and is ideal for the larger-diameter drill pipe run on these wells. The rig also employed an NDS technology package.
- o A large operator in the Eagle Ford drilled its longest well in the basin, incorporating a lateral length of more than four miles. The lateral was drilled in a single run without the use of rotary steerable systems. The rig was a Nabors PACE®-M1000, utilizing larger-diameter drill pipe.
- O A large operator in the Bakken completed a four-mile lateral in a single run in under 12 days, utilizing a Nabors PACE®-X rig. This well is the operator's first four-mile lateral, and the operator believes it is the quickest in the Bakken. The rig was equipped with a comprehensive package of NDS Smart technology.

Anthony G. Petrello, Nabors Chairman, CEO and President, commented, "We are excited as we move forward with our announced acquisition of Parker Wellbore. Our companies' portfolios are highly complementary. Parker's recent track record speaks for itself. Quail Tools, already the leader in its space, plays a key role as operators extend the lengths of their wellbore laterals. The transaction increases our scale, provides incremental growth and improves our leverage metrics.



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"Our third quarter operating results matched our overall expectations. Higher average daily margins and an improved mix drove growth in our International Drilling segment. International growth also resulted in better performance for our Drilling Solutions segment.

"Daily margins in our International Drilling segment exceeded the \$17,000 mark in the third quarter. We reached this milestone earlier than we expected. This result demonstrates the earnings power of our International segment. During the quarter we also started up previously awarded rigs. We have a path to substantial international growth with 13 rigs scheduled to deploy through early 2026 in the Middle East and Latin America. The opportunity set on top of those planned start-ups is also substantial.

"In the Lower 48 market, our leading-edge pricing remained stable, supporting daily rig margins that were essentially in line with our expectations. Our average rig count was just under the prior quarter. Although we have not yet seen the anticipated increases in gas-directed drilling or a recovery from reductions driven by E&P consolidation, we look forward to an improvement in Lower 48 drilling activity in 2025."

Segment Results

International Drilling adjusted EBITDA totaled \$116.0 million, compared to \$106.4 million in the second quarter. Average rig count increased to 85 from 84, driven by rig additions in Algeria and Saudi Arabia. Daily adjusted gross margin for the third quarter averaged \$17,085, an increase of more than \$1,000 compared to the prior quarter.

The U.S. Drilling segment reported third quarter adjusted EBITDA of \$108.7 million, compared to \$114.0 million in the second quarter. Nabors' third quarter Lower 48 average rig count totaled 68, versus 69 in the second quarter. Daily adjusted gross margin in the Lower 48 averaged \$15,051, versus \$15,598 in the prior quarter.

Drilling Solutions adjusted EBITDA increased to \$34.3 million, compared to \$32.5 million in the second quarter. This growth was driven by higher revenue in international markets of approximately 8% and higher penetration of performance software on Nabors U.S. rigs.

Rig Technologies' adjusted EBITDA was \$6.1 million, versus \$7.3 million in the second quarter. The decrease was spread across several business lines in the U.S., mainly capital equipment, spare parts, and energy transition.

Adjusted Free Cash Flow

Adjusted free cash flow was \$18 million in the third quarter compared to \$57 million in the preceding quarter. Capital expenditures totaled \$118 million, including \$37 million supporting the newbuilds in Saudi Arabia. This compares to \$138 million in the second quarter, including \$56 million supporting the newbuilds. The third quarter included two and a half additional months of interest payments for the notes issued late last year, translating into \$11.7 million of interest. The first coupon payment for the notes occurred eight months after the notes were issued. Total interest payments for the quarter were \$82 million, compared to \$31 million in the prior quarter.



William Restrepo, Nabors CFO, stated, "Last week we signed an agreement to acquire Parker Wellbore. The transaction is well aligned with our long-term strategy. It grows our capex-light NDS business, expands our international footprint, and helps us delever Nabors. Additionally, Parker is on track to earn meaningful EBITDA this year, totaling \$180 million with attractive growth. Finally, Parker comes with low debt and it generates positive cash flow. This is before targeted annual synergies of \$35 million. We are excited about the addition of Parker to the Nabors platform.

"Nabors' third quarter results met our outlook. Daily adjusted gross margin in our International Drilling segment expanded by more than \$1,000. We reached the \$17,000 daily margin target a quarter ahead of schedule, driven by exceptional performances in Saudi Arabia and Latin America, which both increased daily margins, by \$1,200 and \$1,300 respectively. We have three rigs scheduled to deploy in the fourth quarter, each with attractive economics. These deployments will be somewhat offset by the 12-month suspension of three lower-margin rigs in the Kingdom.

"Strength in the international markets also led to sequential growth in our Drilling Solutions business. We experienced an increase in international casing running jobs, augmented by greater deployment of performance software products, driving the segment's gross margin above 53%.

"In our Lower 48 drilling business, pricing discipline and strict expense control maintained our average daily margin above \$15,000 and in line with our forecast. We expect relative stability in the fourth quarter in both margin and rig count. Our rig count forecast is dependent on stable oil prices, a similar level of churn, and stability in the overall market.

"Our capital spending target for the fourth quarter is now \$230 million, with capital expenditures for SANAD newbuilds forecast at \$105 million. The resulting annual capital spending forecast for 2024 is now \$600 million, including \$230 million related to the SANAD newbuilds. SANAD's rig supplier has improved its performance in reaching manufacturing milestones. We now expect earlier delivery of our rigs going forward. This has accelerated approximately \$40 million of newbuild capital spending into 2024. We are targeting reductions in various markets to offset this increase.

"Given the SANAD newbuild capital expenditures moving forward to 2024, the recent rig suspensions by Saudi Aramco and the slightly lower U.S. activity in the fourth quarter, we now expect our full year free cash flow to close the year between \$100 and \$130 million."

Outlook

Nabors expects the following metrics for the fourth quarter of 2024:

U.S. Drilling

- Lower 48 average rig count of approximately 68 rigs
- o Lower 48 daily adjusted gross margin of \$15,000

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o Alaska and Gulf of Mexico combined adjusted EBITDA up approximately \$1.5 million versus the third quarter, with an additional rig starting work in Alaska

International

- o Average rig count of approximately 84 rigs
- o Daily adjusted gross margin of approximately \$17,000

Drilling Solutions

o Adjusted EBITDA of \$36 to \$37 million

Rig Technologies

o Adjusted EBITDA of \$9 to \$10 million

Capital Expenditures

- o Capital expenditures of \$230 million, with \$105 million for the newbuilds in Saudi Arabia
- o Full-year capital expenditures of approximately \$600 million, with \$230 million for the SANAD newbuilds
- o This forecast includes accelerated timelines from SANAD's rig supplier totaling an estimated \$40 million

Adjusted Free Cash Flow

o Full-year adjusted free cash flow of \$100 to \$130 million

Mr. Petrello concluded, "The results from our International Drilling segment demonstrate the value we are building in this business. With our pending rig deployments across markets, our path to future growth is well defined. Our success is driven in large part from our advanced technology. We see the global client base increasingly embracing the benefits of our solutions."



Nabors Industries (NYSE: NBR) is a leading provider of advanced technology for the energy industry. With presence in more than 20 countries, Nabors has established a global network of people, technology and equipment to deploy solutions that deliver safe, efficient and responsible energy production. By leveraging its core competencies, particularly in drilling, engineering, automation, data science and manufacturing, Nabors aims to innovate the future of energy and enable the transition to a lower-carbon world. Learn more about Nabors and its energy technology leadership: www.nabors.com.

Forward-looking Statements

The information included in this press release includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, as disclosed by Nabors from time to time in its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. As a result of these factors, Nabors' actual results may differ materially from those indicated or implied by such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this press release reflect management's estimates and beliefs as of the date of this press release. Nabors does not undertake to update these forward-looking statements.

Non-GAAP Disclaimer

This press release presents certain "non-GAAP" financial measures. The components of these non-GAAP measures are computed by using amounts that are determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Adjusted operating income (loss) represents income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes, interest expense, investment income (loss), and other, net. Adjusted EBITDA is computed similarly, but also excludes depreciation and amortization expenses. In addition, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted operating income (loss) exclude certain cash expenses that the Company is obligated to make. Net debt is calculated as total debt minus the sum of cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments.

Adjusted free cash flow represents net cash provided by operating activities less cash used for capital expenditures, net of proceeds from sales of assets. Management believes that adjusted free cash flow is an important liquidity measure for the company and that it is useful to investors and management as a measure of the company's ability to generate cash flow, after reinvesting in the company for future growth, that could be available for paying down debt or other financing cash flows, such as dividends to shareholders. Management believes that this non-GAAP measure is useful information to investors when comparing our cash flows with the cash flows of other companies.





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Each of these non-GAAP measures has limitations and therefore should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for the amounts reported in accordance with GAAP. However, management evaluates the performance of its operating segments and the consolidated Company based on several criteria, including Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted operating income (loss), net debt, and adjusted free cash flow, because it believes that these financial measures accurately reflect the Company's ongoing profitability, performance and liquidity. Securities analysts and investors also use these measures as some of the metrics on which they analyze the Company's performance. Other companies in this industry may compute these measures differently. Reconciliations of consolidated adjusted EBITDA and adjusted operating income (loss) to income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes, net debt to total debt, and adjusted free cash flow to net cash provided by operations, which are their nearest comparable GAAP financial measures, are included in the tables at the end of this press release. We do not provide a forward-looking reconciliation of our outlook for Segment Adjusted EBITDA, Segment Gross Margin or Adjusted Free Cash Flow, as the amount and significance of items required to develop meaningful comparable GAAP financial measures cannot be estimated at this time without unreasonable efforts. These special items could be meaningful.

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No Offer or Solicitation

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Important Additional Information and Where to Find It

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Participants in the Solicitation

Nabors and certain of its directors, executive officers and other employees, and Parker and certain of its directors, executive officers and other employees may be deemed to be participants in the solicitation of proxies for security holder approvals to be obtained for the proposed transaction. A description of participants' direct or indirect interests, by security holdings or otherwise, will be included in the joint proxy statement/prospectus relating to the proposed transaction when it is filed with the SEC. Information regarding Nabors' directors and executive officers is available in its proxy statement filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024 in connection with its 2024 annual meeting of shareholders (the "Annual Meeting Proxy Statement") under "Proposal 1—Election of Directors—Director Nominees," "Proposal 1—Election of Directors—Other Executive Officers," "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" and "Share Ownership of Directors and Executive Officers." To the extent holdings of securities by potential Nabors participants (or

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended							Nine Months Ended						
		Septem	ber 30,			June 30,	September 30,							
(In thousands, except per share amounts)		2024		2023		2024		2024		2023				
Revenues and other income:						,								
Operating revenues	\$	731,805	\$	733,974	\$	734,798	\$	2,200,307	\$	2,280,180				
Investment income (loss)		11,503		10,169		8,181		29,885		31,778				
Total revenues and other income		743,308		744,143		742,979		2,230,192		2,311,958				
Costs and other deductions:														
Direct costs		431,705		447,751		440,225		1,309,007		1,365,611				
General and administrative expenses		63,976		62,182		62,154		187,881		187,144				
Research and engineering		14,404		14,016		14,362		42,629		42,371				
Depreciation and amortization		159,234		161,337		160,141		477,060		484,066				
Interest expense		55,350		44,042		51,493		157,222		135,347				
Other, net		41,608		35,546		12,079		69,795		(8,604)				
Total costs and other deductions		766,277		764,874		740,454		2,243,594		2,205,935				
Income (loss) before income taxes		(22,969)		(20,731)		2,525		(13,402)		106,023				
Income tax expense (benefit)		10,118		10,513		15,554		41,716		59,976				
Net income (loss)		(33,087)		(31,244)		(13,029)		(55,118)		46,047				
Less: Net (income) loss attributable to		(,,		(- ,)		(-))		(,,		.,				
noncontrolling interest		(22,738)		(17,672)		(19,226)		(67,295)		(41,128)				
Net income (loss) attributable to Nabors	\$	(55,825)	\$	(48,916)	\$	(32,255)	\$	(122,413)	\$	4,919				
Earnings (losses) per share:														
Basic	\$	(6.86)	\$	(6.26)	\$	(4.29)	\$	(15.69)	\$	(2.79)				
Diluted	\$	(6.86)	\$	(6.26)	\$	(4.29)	\$	(15.69)	\$	(2.79)				
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding:														
Basic		9,213		9,148		9,207		9,199		9,168				
Diluted		9,213		9,148		9,207		9,199		9,168				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	221,720	\$	210,025	\$	218,057	\$	660,790	\$	685,054				
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	62,486	\$	48,688	\$	57,916	\$	183,730	\$	200,988				

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(In thousands)	September 2024	30,	June 30, 2024	De	ecember 31, 2023
ASSETS				_	
Current assets:					
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 45	9,302 \$	473,608	\$	1,070,178
Accounts receivable, net	38	4,723	368,550		347,837
Other current assets	22	8,300	235,632		227,663
Total current assets	1,07	2,325	1,077,790		1,645,678
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,76	6,411	2,813,148		2,898,728
Other long-term assets	71	4,900	724,755		733,559
Total assets	\$ 4,55	3,636	4,615,693	\$	5,277,965
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Current debt	\$	- \$	-	\$	629,621
Trade accounts payable	31	6,694	331,468		294,442
Other current liabilities	25	4,884	259,454		289,918
Total current liabilities	57	1.578	590.922	_	1.213.981

Long-term debt

Other long-term liabilities

2,503,270

244,679

2,514,169

247,587

2,511,519

271,380

Total liabilities	 3,319,527	3,352,678	3,996,880
Redeemable noncontrolling interest in subsidiary	773,525	761,415	739,075
Equity:			
Shareholders' equity	191,363	250,371	326,614
Noncontrolling interest	269,221	251,229	215,396
Total equity	460,584	501,600	 542,010
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 4,553,636	\$ 4,615,693	\$ 5,277,965

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES SEGMENT REPORTING (Unaudited)

The following tables set forth certain information with respect to our reportable segments and rig activity:

			Three	Nine Months Ended						
		Septem	ber 30			June 30,		Septem	ber 30,	
(In thousands, except rig activity)		2024		2023		2024		2024		2023
Operating revenues:										
U.S. Drilling	\$	254,773	\$	276,385	\$	259,723	\$	786,485	\$	941,867
International Drilling		368,594		344,780		356,733		1,074,686		1,002,478
Drilling Solutions		79,544		72,831		82,961		238,079		224,729
Rig Technologies (1)		45,809		61,437		49,546		145,511		183,481
Other reconciling items (2)		(16,915)		(21,459)		(14,165)		(44,454)		(72,375
Total operating revenues	\$	731,805	\$	733,974	\$	734,798	\$	2,200,307	\$	2,280,180
Adjusted EBITDA: (3)										
U.S. Drilling	\$	108,660	\$	117,357	\$	114,020	\$	343,083	\$	415,292
International Drilling		115,951		96,175		106,371		324,820		283,114
Drilling Solutions		34,311		30,419		32,468		98,566		95,089
Rig Technologies (1)		6,104		7,221		7,330		20,235		18,583
Other reconciling items (4)		(43,306)		(41,147)		(42,132)		(125,914)		(127,024
Total adjusted EBITDA	\$	221,720	\$	210,025	\$	218,057	\$	660,790	\$	685,054
Adjusted operating income (loss): (5)										
U.S. Drilling	\$	41,694	\$	49,582	\$	45,085	\$	137,308	\$	210,859
International Drilling		32,182		9,862		23,672		78,330		22,226
Drilling Solutions		29,231		25,341		27,319		83,443		80,830
Rig Technologies (1)		2,761		4,995		4,860		11,830		13,741
Other reconciling items (4)		(43,382)		(41,092)		(43,020)		(127,181)		(126,668
Total adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	62,486	\$	48,688	\$	57,916	\$	183,730	\$	200,988
Rig activity:										
Average Rigs Working: (7)										
Lower 48		67.8		73.7		68.7		69.5		82.8
Other US		6.2		6.7		6.3		6.4		6.9
U.S. Drilling		74.0		80.4		75.0		75.9		89.7
International Drilling		84.7		77.2		84.4		83.4		76.9
Total average rigs working		158.7		157.6		159.4		159.3		166.6
Daily Rig Revenue: (6),(8)										
Lower 48	\$	34,812	\$	35,697	\$	35,334	\$	35,209	\$	36,324
Other US	Ψ	66,352	Ψ	56,163	Ψ	68,008	Ψ	66,205	Ψ	64,312
U.S. Drilling (10)		37,441		37,397		38,076		37,831		38,474
International Drilling		47,281		48,528		46,469		47,041		47,728
Daily Adjusted Gross Margin: (6),(9)										
Lower 48	\$	15,051	\$	15,855	\$	15,598	\$	15,561	\$	16,505
Other US	4	37,363	Ψ	27,631	Ψ	38,781	Ψ	37,058	Ψ	33,618
U.S. Drilling (10)		16,911		16,833		17,544		17,379		17,820
		17,085		15,778		16,050		16,407		15,762

1-3

⁽¹⁾ Includes our oilfield equipment manufacturing activities.

⁽²⁾ Represents the elimination of inter-segment transactions related to our Rig Technologies operating segment.

- (3) Adjusted EBITDA represents net income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit), investment income (loss), interest expense, other, net and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for the amounts reported in accordance with GAAP. In addition, adjusted EBITDA excludes certain cash expenses that the Company is obligated to make. However, management evaluates the performance of its operating segments and the consolidated Company based on several criteria, including adjusted EBITDA and adjusted operating income (loss), because it believes that these financial measures accurately reflect the Company's ongoing profitability and performance. Securities analysts and investors use this measure as one of the metrics on which they analyze the Company's performance. Other companies in this industry may compute these measures differently. A reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure to net income (loss), which is the most closely comparable GAAP measure, is provided in the table set forth immediately following the heading "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to Net Income (Loss)".
- (4) Represents the elimination of inter-segment transactions and unallocated corporate expenses.
- (5) Adjusted operating income (loss) represents net income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit), investment income (loss), interest expense and other, net. Adjusted operating income (loss) is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for the amounts reported in accordance with GAAP. In addition, adjusted operating income (loss) excludes certain cash expenses that the Company is obligated to make. However, management evaluates the performance of its operating segments and the consolidated Company based on several criteria, including adjusted EBITDA and adjusted operating income (loss), because it believes that these financial measures accurately reflect the Company's ongoing profitability and performance. Securities analysts and investors use this measure as one of the metrics on which they analyze the Company's performance. Other companies in this industry may compute these measures differently. A reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure to net income (loss), which is the most closely comparable GAAP measure, is provided in the table set forth immediately following the heading "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to Net Income (Loss)".
- (6) Rig revenue days represents the number of days the Company's rigs are contracted and performing under a contract during the period. These would typically include days in which operating, standby and move revenue is earned.
- (7) Average rigs working represents a measure of the average number of rigs operating during a given period. For example, one rig operating 45 days during a quarter represents approximately 0.5 average rigs working for the quarter. On an annual period, one rig operating 182.5 days represents approximately 0.5 average rigs working for the year. Average rigs working can also be calculated as rig revenue days during the period divided by the number of calendar days in the period.
- (8) Daily rig revenue represents operating revenue, divided by the total number of revenue days during the quarter.
- (9) Daily adjusted gross margin represents operating revenue less direct costs, divided by the total number of rig revenue days during the quarter.
- (10) The U.S. Drilling segment includes the Lower 48, Alaska, and Gulf of Mexico operating areas.

1 4

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Reconciliation of Earnings per Share (Unaudited)

		7	hree	Months Ended		Nine Months Ended				
		Septem	ber 3	30,		June 30,		Septem	ber	30,
(in thousands, except per share amounts)		2024		2023		2024		2024		2023
BASIC EPS:		_								
Net income (loss) (numerator):										
Income (loss), net of tax	\$	(33,087)	\$	(31,244)	\$	(13,029)	\$	(55,118)	\$	46,047
Less: net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		(22,738)		(17,672)		(19,226)		(67,295)		(41,128)
Less: deemed dividends to SPAC public shareholders		_		(823)		_		_		(8,180)
Less: accrued distribution on redeemable noncontrolling interest in										
subsidiary		(7,363)		(7,517)		(7,283)		(21,929)		(22,307)
Numerator for basic earnings per share:		, ,	'			, .	'			
Adjusted income (loss), net of tax - basic	\$	(63,188)	\$	(57,256)	\$	(39,538)	\$	(144,342)	\$	(25,568)
		`		` '		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding - basic		9,213		9,148		9,207		9,199		9,168
Earnings (losses) per share:										
Total Basic	\$	(6.86)	\$	(6.26)	\$	(4.29)	\$	(15.69)	\$	(2.79)
								•		
DILUTED EPS:										
Adjusted income (loss), net of tax - diluted	\$	(63,188)	\$	(57,256)	\$	(39,538)	\$	(144,342)	\$	(25,568)
		· ·		`		<u> </u>		`		
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding - diluted		9,213		9,148		9,207		9,199		9,168
Earnings (losses) per share:										
Total Diluted	\$	(6.86)	\$	(6.26)	\$	(4.29)	\$	(15.69)	\$	(2.79)
	<u>~</u>	(0.00)		(0.20)	<u> </u>	(2)		(10.05)	*	(2.75)

1-5

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES
RECONCILIATION OF ADJUSTED EBITDA BY SEGMENT TO ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BY SEGMENT (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	U.S	S. Drilling	In	ternational Drilling		Drilling Solutions	Rig Te	chnologies	r	Other reconciling items		Total
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	41,694	\$	32,182	\$	29,231	\$	2,761	\$	(43,382)	\$	62,486
Depreciation and amortization		66,966		83,769		5,080		3,343		76		159,234
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	108,660	\$	115,951	\$	34,311	\$	6,104	\$	(43,306)	\$	221,720
				7	hree	Months Ende	d Septem	ber 30, 2023				
	U.S	S. Drilling	In	ternational Drilling		Drilling Solutions	Rig Te	chnologies	r	Other reconciling items		Total
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	49,582	\$	9,862	\$	25,341	\$	4,995	\$	(41,092)	\$	48,688
Depreciation and amortization		67,775		86,313		5,078		2,226		(55)		161,337
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	117,357	\$	96,175	\$	30,419	\$	7,221	\$	(41,147)	\$	210,025
					Th	ree Months En	ded Jun	e 30, 2024				
			In	ternational		Drilling			r	Other econciling		
							Dia Ta					
		S. Drilling	_	Drilling	_	Solutions		chnologies	_	items	Φ.	Total
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	45,085	\$	23,672	\$	27,319	\$	4,860	\$	(43,020)	\$	57,916
Depreciation and amortization	\$	45,085 68,935		23,672 82,699	\$	27,319 5,149	\$	4,860 2,470	_	(43,020) 888	_	57,916 160,141
3 1 6 7		45,085	\$	23,672	_	27,319		4,860	\$	(43,020)	\$	57,916
Depreciation and amortization	\$	45,085 68,935		23,672 82,699 106,371	\$	27,319 5,149	\$	4,860 2,470 7,330	_	(43,020) 888 (42,132)	_	57,916 160,141
Depreciation and amortization	\$	45,085 68,935	\$	23,672 82,699 106,371	\$	27,319 5,149 32,468 Months Ended	\$	4,860 2,470 7,330	\$	(43,020) 888 (42,132)	_	57,916 160,141
Depreciation and amortization	\$	45,085 68,935 114,020	\$	23,672 82,699 106,371	\$	27,319 5,149 32,468 Months Ended	\$ Septem	4,860 2,470 7,330 ber 30, 2024	\$	(43,020) 888 (42,132) Other reconciling	_	57,916 160,141
Depreciation and amortization Adjusted EBITDA	\$	45,085 68,935 114,020	\$	23,672 82,699 106,371	\$	27,319 5,149 32,468 Months Ended	\$ Septem	4,860 2,470 7,330	\$	(43,020) 888 (42,132) Other reconciling items	_	57,916 160,141 218,057
Depreciation and amortization	\$ \$ U.S	45,085 68,935 114,020	\$ I	23,672 82,699 106,371 nternational Drilling	\$ Shine	27,319 5,149 32,468 Months Ended Drilling Solutions	\$ Septem	4,860 2,470 7,330 ber 30, 2024	\$ r	(43,020) 888 (42,132) Other reconciling	\$	57,916 160,141 218,057

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023

			Iı	nternational	Drilling						
	U.S.	Drilling		Drilling	Solutions	Rig T	echnologies	econciling items	Total		
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	210,859	\$	22,226	\$ 80,830	\$	13,741	\$ (126,668)	\$ 200,988		
Depreciation and amortization		204,433		260,888	14,259		4,842	(356)	484,066		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	415,292	\$	283,114	\$ 95,089	\$	18,583	\$ (127,024)	\$ 685,054		

1-6

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES RECONCILIATION OF ADJUSTED GROSS MARGIN BY SEGMENT TO ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BY SEGMENT (Unaudited)

		(Chadanet	-,						
			Three	Months Ended			Nine Mon	ths E	nded
		Septem	ber 3	0,		June 30,	 Septem	ber 3	50,
(In thousands)	<u> </u>	2024		2023		2024	 2024		2023
Lower 48 - U.S. Drilling									
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	30,353	\$	40,366	\$	32,841	\$ 102,458	\$	174,933
Plus: General and administrative costs		5,084		5,239		4,390	14,297		15,503
Plus: Research and engineering		972		1,389		909	2,845		4,098
GAAP Gross Margin		36,409		46,994		38,140	119,600		194,534
Plus: Depreciation and amortization		57,470		60,447		59,332	176,535		178,487
Adjusted gross margin	\$	93,879	\$	107,441	\$	97,472	\$ 296,135	\$	373,021
Other - U.S. Drilling									
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	11,341	\$	9,216	\$	12,244	\$ 34,850	\$	35,926
Plus: General and administrative costs		313		331		306	944		999
Plus: Research and engineering		42		90		45	134		349
GAAP Gross Margin		11,696		9,637		12,595	35,928		37,274
Plus: Depreciation and amortization		9,496		7,329		9,602	29,240		25,945
Adjusted gross margin	\$	21,192	\$	16,966	\$	22,197	\$ 65,168	\$	63,219
					_		,	_	
U.S. Drilling									
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	41,694	\$	49,582	\$	45,085	\$ 137,308	\$	210,859
Plus: General and administrative costs		5,397		5,570		4,696	15,241		16,502
Plus: Research and engineering		1,014		1,479		954	2,979		4,447
GAAP Gross Margin		48,105		56,631		50,735	155,528		231,808
Plus: Depreciation and amortization		66,966		67,776		68,934	205,775		204,432
Adjusted gross margin	\$	115,071	\$	124,407	\$	119,669	\$ 361,303	\$	436,240
International Drilling									
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	32,182	\$	9,862	\$	23,672	\$ 78,330	\$	22,226
Plus: General and administrative costs		15,699		14,300		15,434	45,548		42,725
Plus: Research and engineering		1,543		1,622		1,404	4,454		5,229

GAAP Gross Margin	 49,424	25,784	40,510	128,332	70,180
Plus: Depreciation and amortization	83,768	86,313	82,700	246,491	260,887
Adjusted gross margin	\$ 133,192	\$ 112,097	\$ 123,210	\$ 374,823	\$ 331,067

Adjusted gross margin by segment represents adjusted operating income (loss) plus general and administrative costs, research and engineering costs and depreciation and amortization.

1-7

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES TO NET INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)

		Thre	e Months Ended	Nine Months Ended					
	Septem	ber 3	30,	June 30,		Septemb	er 3	0,	
(In thousands)	2024		2023	2024	2024			2023	
Net income (loss)	\$ (33,087)	\$	(31,244)	\$ (13,029)	\$	(55,118)	\$	46,047	
Income tax expense (benefit)	10,118		10,513	15,554		41,716		59,976	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	(22,969)		(20,731)	2,525		(13,402)		106,023	
Investment (income) loss	(11,503)		(10,169)	(8,181)		(29,885)		(31,778)	
Interest expense	55,350		44,042	51,493		157,222		135,347	
Other, net	41,608		35,546	12,079		69,795		(8,604)	
Adjusted operating income (loss) (1)	62,486		48,688	57,916		183,730		200,988	
Depreciation and amortization	159,234		161,337	160,141		477,060		484,066	
Adjusted EBITDA (2)	\$ 221,720	\$	210,025	\$ 218,057	\$	660,790	\$	685,054	

- (1) Adjusted operating income (loss) represents net income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit), investment income (loss), interest expense, and other, net. Adjusted operating income (loss) is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for the amounts reported in accordance with GAAP. In addition, adjusted operating income (loss) excludes certain cash expenses that the Company is obligated to make. However, management evaluates the performance of its operating segments and the consolidated Company based on several criteria, including adjusted EBITDA and adjusted operating income (loss), because it believes that these financial measures accurately reflect the Company's ongoing profitability and performance. Securities analysts and investors use this measure as one of the metrics on which they analyze the Company's performance. Other companies in this industry may compute these measures differently.
- (2) Adjusted EBITDA represents net income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit), investment income (loss), interest expense, other, net and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for the amounts reported in accordance with GAAP. In addition, adjusted EBITDA excludes certain cash expenses that the Company is obligated to make. However, management evaluates the performance of its operating segments and the consolidated Company based on several criteria, including adjusted EBITDA and adjusted operating income (loss), because it believes that these financial measures accurately reflect the Company's ongoing profitability and performance. Securities analysts and investors use this measure as one of the metrics on which they analyze the Company's performance. Other companies in this industry may compute these measures differently.

1-8

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES RECONCILIATION OF NET DEBT TO TOTAL DEBT (Unaudited)

(In thousands)	Sep	tember 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	De	cember 31, 2023
Current debt	\$		\$ 	\$	629,621
Long-term debt		2,503,270	2,514,169		2,511,519
Total Debt		2,503,270	 2,514,169		3,141,140
Less: Cash and short-term investments		459,302	473,608		1,070,178
Net Debt	\$	2,043,968	\$ 2,040,561	\$	2,070,962

1-9

NABORS INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES RECONCILIATION OF ADJUSTED FREE CASH FLOW TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES (Unaudited)

		Three Mon	led		Nine Months Ended	
	S	September 30,		June 30,		September 30,
(In thousands)		2024		2024		2024
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	143,615	\$	181,659	\$	432,513
Add: Capital expenditures, net of proceeds from sales of assets		(126,071)		(125,010)		(350,206)
Adjusted free cash flow	\$	17,544	\$	56,649	\$	82,307

Adjusted free cash flow represents net cash provided by operating activities less cash used for capital expenditures, net of proceeds from sales of assets. Management believes

that adjusted free cash flow is an important liquidity measure for the company and that it is useful to investors and management as a measure of the company's ability to generate cash flow, after reinvesting in the company for future growth, that could be available for paying down debt or other financing cash flows, such as dividends to shareholders. Adjusted free cash flow does not represent the residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures. Adjusted free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure that should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for or superior to, cash flow from operations reported in accordance with GAAP.



NABORS INDUSTRIES

Forward Looking Statements

visions of Section 27A of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These "forward-ing statements" are based on our analysis of currently available competitive, financial and economic data and our operating plans. They are inherently uncertain, and investors should recognize that events and actual results could turn out to be significantly different from our

- and gas markets and prices;
- luctuations in levels of oil and natural gas exploration and development activities;

- our ability to renew customer contracts in order to maintain competitiveness;
- the possibility of the loss of one or a number of our large customers;
- The occurrence of cybersecurity incidents, attacks and other breaches to our information technology systems;
- the impact of long-term indebtedness and other financial commitments on our financial and operating flexibility; our access to and the cost of capital, including the impact of a further downgrade in our credit rating, covenant restrictions,

- our ability to complete, and realize the expected benefits of, strategic transactions; changes in tax laws and the possibility of changes in other laws and regulation;
- the possibility of changes to U.S. trade policies and regulations including the imposition of trade embargoes or sanctions; and global views on and the regulatory environment related to energy transition and our ability to implement our energy transition

- potential king-inved asset impairments.

 Whe possibility of changes to U.S. trade policies and regulations including the im-general economic conditions, including the capital and credit markets; uncertainty as to whether the conditions to closing the merger will be satisfied,

- expectations regarding regulatory approval of the merger; our ability to retain key personnel of Nabors and Parker;

- whether liftgalon relating to the merger will occur and, if so, the results of any liftgalon, settlements and investigations; our ability to realize the expected benefits of the merger with Parker, and the effects of the business combination, including the combined company's future financial condition, results of operation

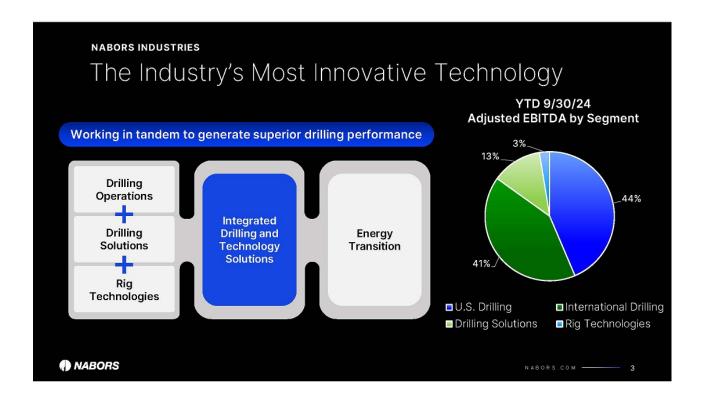
Our businesses depend, to a large degree, on the level of spending by oil and gas companies for exploration, develop activities. Therefore, sustained lower oil or natural gas prices that have a material impact on exploration, development or production activities could also materially affect our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

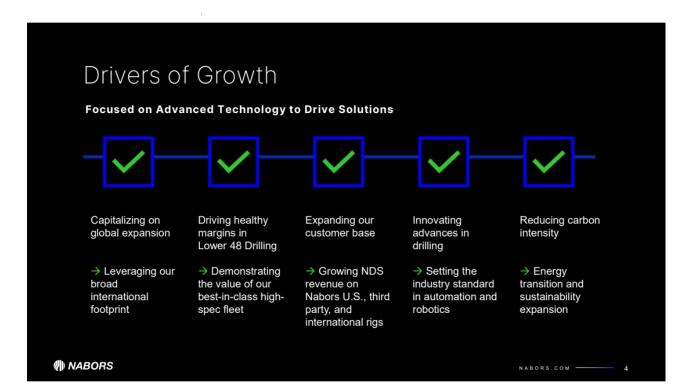
The above description of risks and uncertainties is by no means all-inclusive but is designed to highlight what we believe are important factors to consider. For a discussion of these factors and other risks and uncertainties, please refer to our filings with the Securities and Euchange Commission ("SEC"), including those contained in our Annual Reports on Form 10-X and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-X, which are available at the SEC's website at away sec. gov. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-dooking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law.

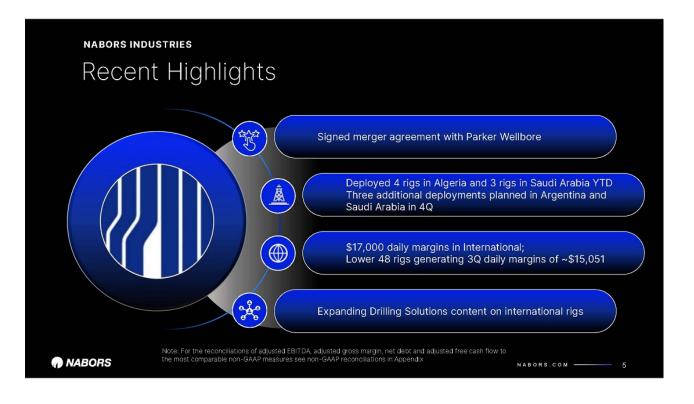
Non-GAAP Financial Measures

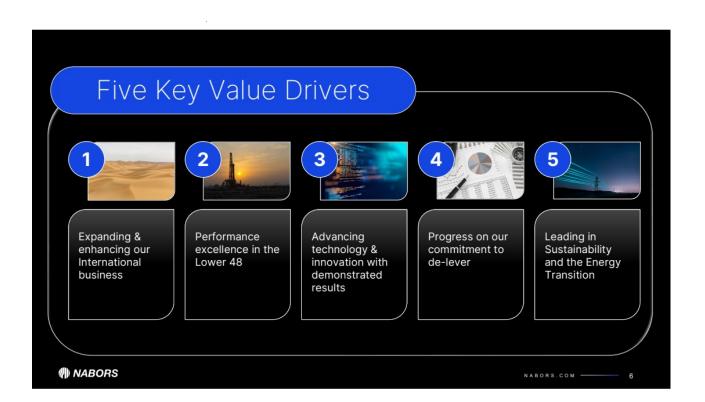
This presentation refers to certain "non-GAAP" financial measures, such as adjusted EBITDA, net debt, adjusted gross margin and adjusted free cash flow. The components of these non-GAAP measures are computed by using amounts that are determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").



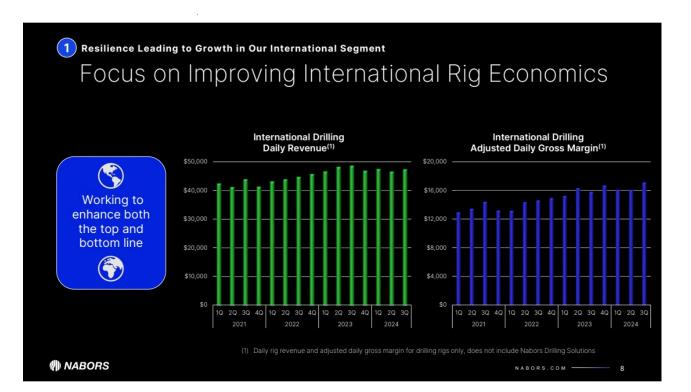












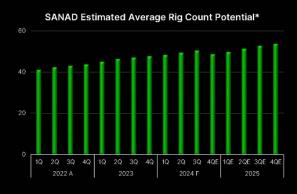


Significant Rig Growth Trajectory in Saudi Arabia



Newbuild Program Generating Revenue

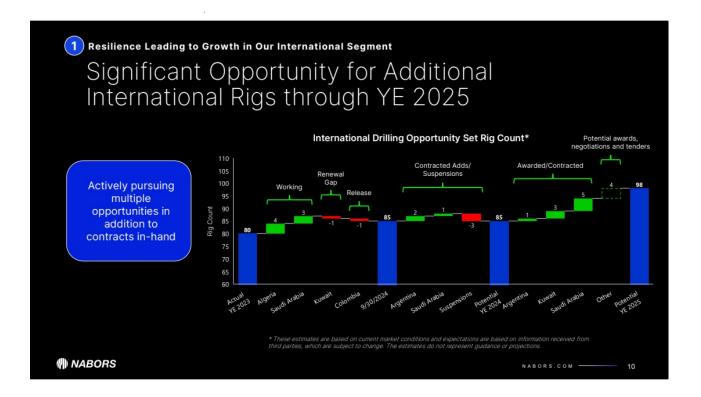
- To date 15 rigs have been awarded by Saudi Aramco; 8 have been deployed
- Total of 50 rigs to be deployed over 10 years
- Capital expense funded organically by SANAD
- 6-year initial contracts, payout within 5 years, plus 4-year renewal at market rate



These estimates are based on current market conditions and expectations are based on information received from third parties, which are subject to change. The estimates do not represent guidance or projections.



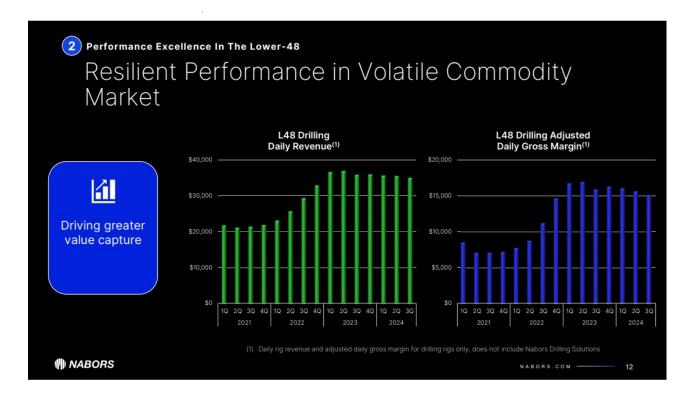
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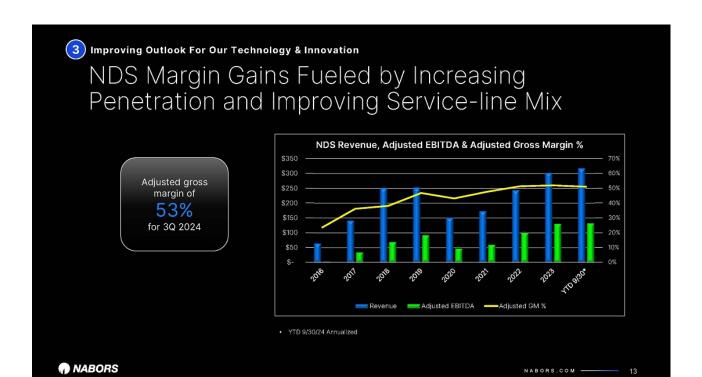


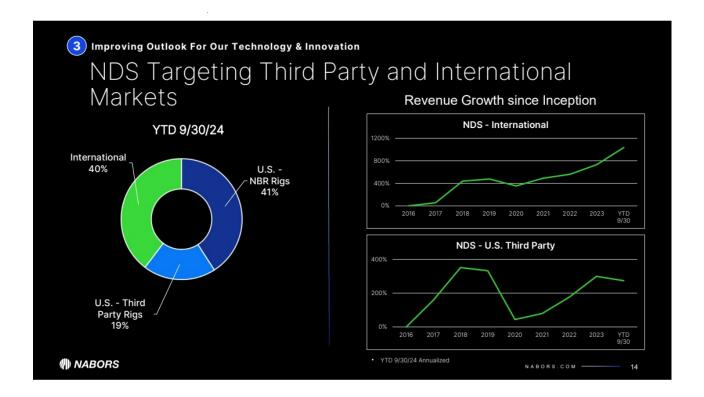
2 Performance Excellence In The Lower-48 L48 Daily Revenue and Margin above All Prior Cycle Highs Daily Rig Revenue(1) Saly Rig Reve

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NABORS







3 Improving Outlook For Our Technology & Innovation

WTX Operator Saves 6.3 Days in Flat Time

SmartPLAN® intelligent planning observed the following results targeting Wolfcamp and Bone Springs formations in the Permian Basin across 102 wells on five rigs, with a 3-string design at 19,500 ft total depth across the last four quarters.

- > 49% reduction in flat time, from 12.9 to 6.6 days.
- 7-day improvement in well cycle time, from 21.5 to 14.5 days
- Overall footage per day improved by 67%, from 883.7 ft/day to 1307.2 ft/day
- SmartPLAN® compliance achieved 99% utilization in the last two quarters

Well Cycle Time vs. Average Flat & Drill Time by Quarter





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Significant Headway Improving Leverage





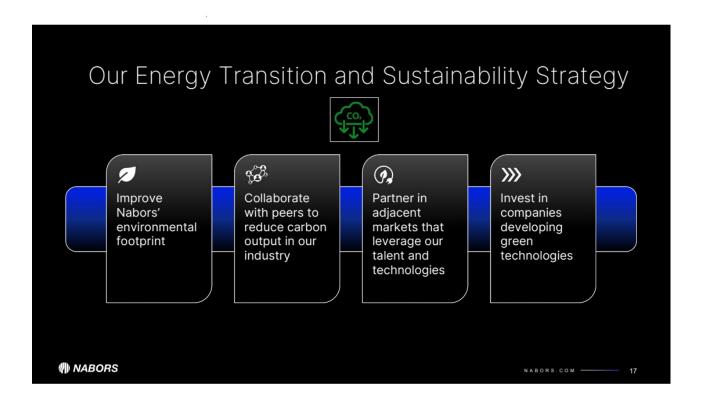
Weighted average maturity of outstanding notes now stands at 4.5 years

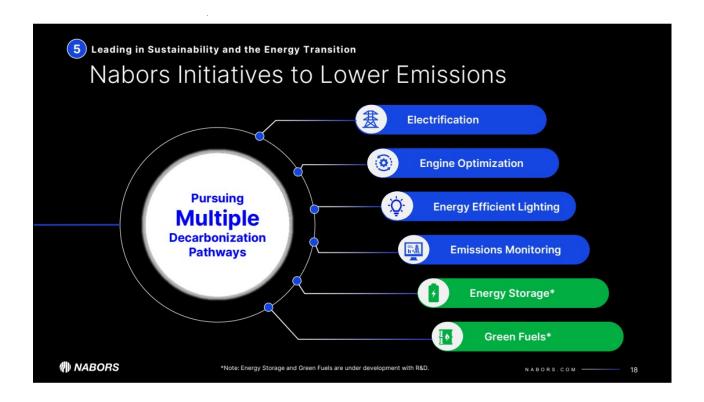
Earlier, amended Credit Agreement, extending maturity to 2029 o Included \$350 million revolving credit facility

- o Standalone letter of credit tranche of \$125 million
- o Accordion feature of \$200 million



(1) Net Debt is a non-GAAP metric: see reconciliations in the Appendix







Geothermal Market Technology Advancements



Technological advancements are enabling wide-scale commercial geothermal development

Nabors and its predecessor entities have been continuously innovating in the energy sector for over 100 years

Innovative Drilling Technologies

Reducing cost per energy-unit produced by using and combining new technologies

Baseload

Reliable and available 24/7

Renewable

Subsurface heat replenished naturally

Jbiquitous

Ability to create heat reservoirs by drilling into deep rock formations

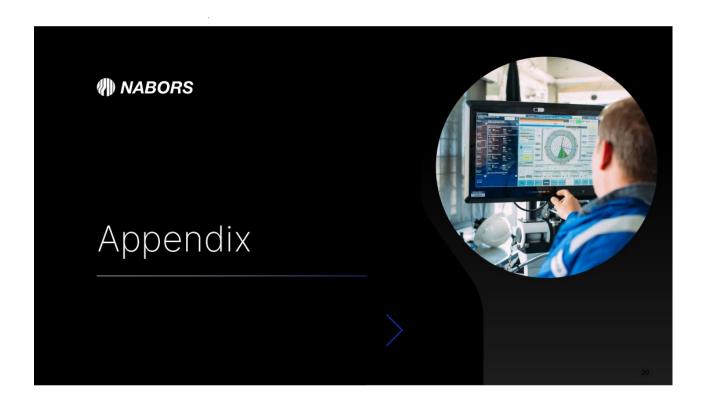








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Rig Utilization and Availability, September 30, 2024 U.S. Lower-48 High Spec⁽²⁾ U.S. Offshore International Alaska 315 112 12 15 131 Rig Fleet(1) 156 4 83 67 Rigs on Revenue(1 50% 60% 63% 17% 27% (1) As of September 30, 2024 (2) Excludes non-high spec rigs in the Lower 48 **NABORS**

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to Net Income (Loss)

Adjusted EBITDA represents net income (loss) before, income taxes, investment income (loss), interest expense, other, net and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure and should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for the amounts reported in accordance with GAAP. In addition, adjusted EBITDA excludes certain cash expenses that the Company is obligated to make. However, management evaluates the performance of its operating segments and the consolidated Company based on several criteria, including adjusted EBITDA and adjusted operating income (loss), because it believes that these financial measures accurately reflect the Company's ongoing profitability and performance. Securities analysts and investors use this measure as one of the metrics on which they analyze the Company's performance. Other companies in this industry may compute these measures differently. A reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure to net income (loss), which is the most closely comparable GAAP measure, is provided in the table below.

	Three Months Ended									
(In thousands)	Se	ptember 30, 2023		June 30, 2024		Septembe 2024				
Net income (loss)	\$	(31,244)	\$	(13,029)	\$	(33,087				
Income tax expense (benefit)		10,513		15,554	_	10,118				
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		(20,731)		2,525		(22,969				
Investment (income) loss		(10,169)		(8,181)		(11,503				
Interest Expense		44,042		51,493		55,350				
Other, net		35,546	_	12,079		41,608				
Adjusted Operating Income (loss)	, <u> </u>	48,688		57,916) <u>(</u>	62,486				
Depreciation and Amortization	_	161,337	_	160,141	1_	159,234				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	210,025	\$	218,057	\$	221,720				



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Reconciliation of U.S. Drilling Segment Adjusted Gross Margin to U.S. Drilling Segment Adjusted Operating Income

Adjusted gross margin by segment represents adjusted operating income (loss) plus general and administrative costs, research and engineering costs and depreciation and amortization.

	Three Months Ended										
(In thousands)	Sep	September 30, 2023			September 30, 2024						
Lower 48 - U.S Drilling											
Adjusted operating income Plus: General and administrative costs Plus: Research and engineering	\$	40,366 5,239 1,389	\$	32,841 4,390 909	\$	30,353 5,084 972					
GAAP Gross Margin Plus: Depreciation and amortization		46,994 60,447		38,140 59,332		36,409 57,470					
Adjusted gross margin	\$	107,441	\$	97,472	\$	93,879					
Other - U.S Drilling											
Adjusted operating income Plus: General and administrative costs Plus: Research and engineering	\$	9,216 331 90	\$	12,244 306 45	\$	11,341 313 42					
GAAP Gross Margin Plus: Depreciation and amortization		9,637 7,329		12,595 9,602		11,696 9,496					
Adjusted gross margin	\$	16,966	\$	22,197	\$	21,192					
U.S Drilling											
Adjusted operating income Plus: General and administrative costs Plus: Research and engineering GAAP Gross Margin Plus: Depreciation and amortization	\$	49,582 5,570 1,479 56,631 67,776	\$	45,085 4,696 954 50,735 68,934	49	41,694 5,397 1,014 48,105 66,966					
Adjusted gross margin	\$	124,407	\$	119,669	\$	115,071					

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Reconciliation of Net Debt to Total Debt

Net debt is computed by subtracting the sum of cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments from total debt. This non-GAAP measure has limitations and therefore should not be used in isolation or as a substitute for the amounts reported in accordance with GAAP. However, management evaluates the performance of its operating segments and the consolidated Company based on several criteria, including net debt, because it believes that this financial measure accurately measures the Company's liquidity. In addition, securities analysts and investors use this measure as one of the metrics on which they analyze the company's performance. Other companies in this industry may compute this measure differently. A reconciliation of net debt to total debt, which is the nearest comparable GAAP financial measure, is provided in the table below.

(In thousands)	De	ecember 31, 2023	June 30, 2024		Se	ptember 30, 2024
Current Debt	\$	629,621	\$	-	\$	
Long-Term Debt		2,511,519		2,514,169	_	2,503,270
Total Debt		3,141,140		2,514,169		2,503,270
Cash & Short-term Investments		1,070,178		473,608		459,302
Net Debt		2,070,962		2,040,561		2,043,968



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Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA by Segment to Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) by Segment

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2024											
			U.S. II Drilling		International Drilling Drilling Solutions		Rig Technologies		Other reconciling items			Total	
	Adjusted operating income (loss) Depreciation and amortization	\$	41,694 66,966	\$	32,182 83,769	\$	29,231 5,080	\$	2,761 3,343	\$	(43,382) 76	\$	62,486 159,234
	Adjusted EBITDA	\$	108,660	\$	115,951	\$	34,311	\$	6,104	\$	(43,306)	\$	221,720
					Th	ree N	Months End	ed J	une 30, 20:	24			
			U.S. Drilling		ernational Drilling		Orilling olutions	Tec	Rig hnologies	re	Other econciling items		Total
	Adjusted operating income (loss) Depreciation and amortization	\$	45,085 68,935	\$	23,672 82,699	\$	27,319 5,149	\$	4,860 2,470	\$	(43,020) 888	\$	57,916 160,141
	Adjusted EBITDA	\$	114,020	\$	106,371	\$	32,468	\$	7,330	\$	(42,132)	\$	218,057
					Three	Mon	ths Ended	Sept	ember 30,	202	3		
			U.S. Drilling		ernational Drilling		Orilling clutions	Tec	Rig hnologies	re	Other econciling items		Total
	Adjusted operating income (loss) Depreciation and amortization	\$	49,582 67,775	\$	9,862 86,313	\$	25,341 5,078	\$	4,995 2,226	\$	(41,092) (55)	\$	48,688 161,337
	Adjusted EBITDA	\$	117,357	\$	96,175	\$	30,419	\$	7,221	\$	(41,147)	\$	210,025
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Reconciliation of Adjusted Free Cash Flow to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Adjusted free cash flow represents net cash provided by operating activities less cash used for capital expenditures, net of proceeds from sales of assets.

Management believes that adjusted free cash flow is an important liquidity measure for the company and that it is useful to investors and management as a measure of the company's ability to generate cash flow, after reinvesting in the company for future growth, that could be available for paying down debt or to return to shareholders through dividend payments or share repurchases. Adjusted free cash flow does not represent the residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures. Adjusted free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure that should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for or superior to, cash flow from operations reported in accordance with GAAP.

(In thousands)		Three Months Ended				
		tember 30 2024				
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	143,615				
Add: Capital expenditures, net of proceeds from sales of assets		(126,071)				
Adjusted free cash flow	\$	17,544				



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Participants in the Solicitation

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