UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

	_	Washington, D.C. 20549
		FORM 10-Q
(MARK O	ONE)	
	QUARTERLY REPORT PU EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	RSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
	For The	Quarterly Period Ended JUNE 30, 2005
		OR
	TRANSITION REPORT PU EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	RSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
	For the trai	sition period from to
		Commission File Number 1-7573
		DRILLING COMPANY
		ume of registrant as specified in its charter)
	Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of	73-0618660 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	incorporation or organization)	(I.R.s. Employer Identification No.)
	1401 Enclay	re Parkway, Suite 600, Houston, Texas 77077
	(Addres	s of principal executive offices) (Zip code)
		(281) 406-2000
	(Registrar	t's telephone number, including area code)
Exchange A	Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 mon in subject to such filing requirements for t	has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities hs (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and the past 90 days.
Indicate Yes ☑ No		an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
As of Ju	aly 29, 2005, 97,058,834 common shares	were outstanding.
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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PARKER DRILLING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2005	December 31, 2004
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 70,984	\$ 44,267
Accounts and notes receivable, net	122,077	99,315
Rig materials and supplies	17,426	19,206
Deferred costs	9,388	13,546
Other current assets	12,215	9,818
Total current assets	232,090	186,152
Property, plant and equipment less accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$554,769 at June 30, 2005 and \$610,485 at December 31, 2004	357,465	382,824
Assets held for sale	9,050	23,665
Goodwill	107,606	107,606
Other noncurrent assets	22,345	26,343
Total assets	\$ 728,556	\$ 726,590
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ —	\$ 24
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	82,190	72,625
Accrued income taxes	14,650	14,704
Total current liabilities	96,840	87,353
Long-term debt	446,107	481,039
Other long-term liabilities	8,160	9,281
Contingency (Note 8)	_	_
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock	16,163	15,833
Capital in excess of par value	449,968	441,085
Unamortized restricted stock plan compensation	(5,508)	(718)
Accumulated deficit	(283,174)	(307,283)
Total stockholders' equity	177,449	148,917
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 728,556	\$ 726,590

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Dollars in Thousands Except Per Share and Weighted Average Shares Outstanding) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended Jur		ne 30.		
		2005		2004		2005		2004
Drilling and rental revenues:								
U.S. drilling	\$	31,110	\$	20,662	\$	58,227	\$	40,421
International drilling		78,301		50,515		150,473		106,552
Rental tools		24,543		16,704		45,497		31,807
Total drilling and rental revenues	_	133,954	_	87,881	_	254,197	_	178,780
Drilling and rental operating expenses:								
U.S. drilling		18,838		12,506		33,226		25,197
International drilling		59,697		38,503		115,500		78,394
Rental tools		8,951		6,712		17,136		13,325
Depreciation and amortization		17,146		16,544		34,022		32,793
Total drilling and rental operating expenses	_	104,632		74,265	_	199,884	_	149,709
Drilling and rental operating income		29,322	_	13,616	_	54,313		29,071
General and administration expense	_	(6,400)	_	(6,992)	_	(13,376)	_	(13,034)
Provision for reduction in carrying value of certain		(0,400)		(0,772)		(13,370)		(13,034)
assets		_		(6,558)		_		(6,558)
Gain on disposition of assets, net		15,898		346		16,450		1,069
Total operating income		38,820	_	412	_	57,387	_	10,548
Total operating meome	_	30,020	_	712	_	37,307	_	10,540
Other income and (expense):								
Interest expense		(10,759)		(13,468)		(21,815)		(26,875)
Changes in fair value of derivative positions		(1,538)		_		69		_
Interest income		550		183		788		432
Loss on extinguishment of debt		(3,298)		(262)		(4,727)		(578)
Minority interest		521		(225)		1,290		(515)
Other		(616)		755		(622)		838
Total other income and (expense)		(15,140)		(13,017)		(25,017)		(26,698)
Income (loss) before income taxes		23,680		(12,605)		32,370		(16,150)
Income tax expense		3,486		3,417		8,338		7,466
Income (loss) from continuing operations	_	20,194	_	(16,022)	_	24,032	_	(23,616)
. , ,								, , ,
Discontinued operations	_	(14)	_	2,497	_	77	_	5,227
Net income (loss)	\$	20,180	\$	(13,525)	\$	24,109	\$	(18,389)
Basic earnings (loss) per share:		0.51		(0.17)		0.77		(0.55)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.21	\$	(0.17)	\$	0.25	\$	(0.25)
Discontinued operations	\$	_	\$	0.03	\$		\$	0.05
Net income (loss)	\$	0.21	\$	(0.14)	\$	0.25	\$	(0.20)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:								
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.21	\$	(0.17)	\$	0.25	\$	(0.25)
Discontinued operations	\$	0.21	\$	0.03	\$	0.23	\$	0.05
Net income (loss)	\$	0.21	\$	(0.14)	\$	0.25	\$	(0.20)
1.50 11001110 (1055)	Ψ	0,21	Ψ	(0.17)	Ψ	0.23	Ψ	(0.20)
Number of common shares used in computing								
earnings per share:								
Basic	95	5,691,205	94	,029,536	95	5,321,850	93	3,812,055
Diluted	96	5,935,113	94	,029,536	96	5,516,790	93	3,812,055

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 24,109	\$ (18,389)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating		
activities:	24.022	22 = 22
Depreciation and amortization	34,022	32,793
Gain on disposition of assets	(16,450)	(1,069)
Gain on disposition of marketable securities	_	(762)
Provision for reduction in carring value of certain assets	2.700	6,558
Expenses not requiring cash	2,700	4,140
Discontinued operations	25	51
Change in operating assets and liabilities	4,976	(17,483)
Net cash provided by operating activities	49,382	5,839
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(32,641)	(15,659)
Proceeds from the sale of assets	41,543	1,407
Proceeds from insurance claims	_	27,000
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	_	1,377
Net cash provided by investing activities	8,902	14,125
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of debt	55,500	_
Principal payments under debt obligations	(90,025)	(45,735)
Proceeds from stock options exercised	2,958	277
Net cash used in financing activities	(31,567)	(45,458)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	26,717	(25,494)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	44,267	67,765
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 70,984	\$ 42,271
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$ 21,337	\$ 25,551
Income taxes paid	\$ 7,454	\$ 8,723

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. *General* – In the opinion of the management of Parker Drilling Company (the "Company"), the accompanying unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements reflect all adjustments (of a normally recurring nature) which are necessary for a fair presentation of (1) the financial position as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, (2) the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, and (3) cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that will be realized for the year ending December 31, 2005. The financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.

Our independent registered public accounting firm has performed a review of these interim financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Pursuant to Rule 436(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, the independent registered public accounting firm's report of that review should not be considered a report within the meaning of Section 7 and 11 of that Act, and the independent registered public accounting firm's liability under Section 11 does not extend to it.

Stock-Based Compensation — Our stock-based employee compensation plans are accounted for under the recognition and measurement principles of the Accounting Principles Board Opinion ("APB") No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related Interpretations. No stock-based employee compensation cost related to stock options granted is reflected in net income (loss), as all options granted under the plan had an exercise price equal to or greater than the fair market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. The following table illustrates the effect on net income (loss) and net income (loss) per share if we had applied the fair value recognition provisions of the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to stock-based employee compensation. In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") revised SFAS No. 123 to eliminate the alternative under the original statement to account for share-based employee compensation using APB Opinion No. 25 and set the effective date for interim periods beginning after June 15, 2005. In April 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") approved a new rule for public companies that defers the effective date of SFAS No. 123R to annual periods beginning after June 15, 2005. We plan to adopt the provisions of the Statement on January 1, 2006 using the modified prospective method.

	Three Mont	hs Ended June 30,	Six Months E	nded June 30,
	2005	2004	2005	2004
		(Dollars in Thousands, Exc	. /	
Net income (loss) as reported	\$ 20,180	\$ (13,525)	\$ 24,109	\$ (18,389)
Stock-based compensation expense included in net income (loss) as reported	437	290	1,313	1,313
Stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value method	(499)	(414)	_(1,455)	(1,694)
Net income (loss) pro forma	\$ 20,118	\$ (13,649)	\$ 23,967	\$ (18,770)
Basic earnings (loss) per share:				
Net income (loss) as reported	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.14)	\$ 0.25	\$ (0.20)
Net income (loss) pro forma	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.14)	\$ 0.25	\$ (0.20)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.14)	\$ 0.25	\$ (0.20)
Net income (loss) as reported	ψ 0.21	ψ (0.14)	ψ 0.23	ψ (0.20)
Net income (loss) pro forma	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.14)	\$ 0.25	\$ (0.20)

Expected volatility 51.1% June 30, 2005; risk free rate 3.38% in 2005 Expected volatility 59.5% June 30, 2004; risk free rate 3.89% in 2004

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Stock-Based Compensation (continued)

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the weighted-average assumptions noted above for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. We assume no dividend yield and that the expected lives of the options range from three to seven years.

2. Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

	Three N	Months Ended June 30, 200	15	
	Income (Loss)	Shares	Per-Share	
	(Numerator)	(Denominator)	Amount	
Basic EPS:				
Income from continuing operations	\$20,194,000	95,691,205	\$ 0.21	
Discontinued operations	(14,000)		_	
Net income	\$20,180,000		\$ 0.21	
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock options	_	1,243,908	_	
Diluted EPS:				
Income from continuing operations	\$20,194,000	96,935,113	\$ 0.21	
Discontinued operations	(14,000)		_	
Net income	\$20,180,000		\$ 0.21	
	Six M	Six Months Ended June 30, 2005		
	Income	Shares	Per-Share	
	(Numerator)	(Denominator)	Amount	
Basic EPS:				
Income from continuing operations	\$24,032,000	95,321,850	\$ 0.25	
Discontinued operations	77,000			
Net income	\$24,109,000		\$ 0.25	
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock options	_	1,194,940	_	
Diluted EPS:				
Income from continuing operations	\$24,032,000	96,516,790	\$ 0.25	
Discontinued operations	77,000	, ,	_	
Net income	\$24,109,000		\$ 0.25	
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NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2. Earnings Per Share ("EPS") (continued)

	Three M	Three Months Ended June 30, 2004			
	Income (Loss) (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount		
Basic EPS:	<u> </u>				
Loss from continuing operations	\$(16,022,000)	94,029,536	\$ (0.17)		
Discontinued operations	2,497,000		0.03		
Net loss	\$(13,525,000)		\$ <u>(0.14</u>)		
Effect of dilutive securities:					
Stock options	_	_	_		
Diluted EPS:					
Loss from continuing operations	\$(16,022,000)	94,029,536	\$ (0.17)		
Discontinued operations	2,497,000		0.03		
Net loss	\$(13,525,000)		\$ (0.14)		
	Six Mo	nths Ended June 30, 2004			
	Income (Loss)	Shares	Per-Share		
Basic EPS:					
Basic EPS: Loss from continuing operations	Income (Loss) (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount		
Loss from continuing operations	Income (Loss) (Numerator) \$(23,616,000)	Shares	Per-Share		
	Income (Loss) (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount \$ (0.25)		
Loss from continuing operations Discontinued operations	Income (Loss) (Numerator) \$(23,616,000) 5,227,000	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount \$ (0.25) 0.05		
Loss from continuing operations Discontinued operations Net loss	Income (Loss) (Numerator) \$(23,616,000) 5,227,000	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount \$ (0.25) 0.05		
Loss from continuing operations Discontinued operations Net loss Effect of dilutive securities:	Income (Loss) (Numerator) \$(23,616,000) 5,227,000	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount \$ (0.25) 0.05		
Loss from continuing operations Discontinued operations Net loss Effect of dilutive securities: Stock options	Income (Loss) (Numerator) \$(23,616,000) 5,227,000	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount \$ (0.25) 0.05		
Loss from continuing operations Discontinued operations Net loss Effect of dilutive securities: Stock options Diluted EPS:	Income (Loss) (Numerator) \$(23,616,000) 5,227,000 \$(18,389,000)	Shares (Denominator) 93,812,055	Per-Share Amount \$ (0.25)		

Options to purchase 3,080,500 shares of common stock with exercise prices ranging from \$6.07 to \$12.19 per share were outstanding during the three months ended June 30, 2005, and options to purchase 4,071,977 shares of common stock with exercise prices ranging from \$5.58 to \$12.19 per share were outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2005, but were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the options' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, options to purchase 9,238,406 shares of common stock at prices ranging from \$1.96 to \$12.19 per share were outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the assumed exercise of the options would have had an anti-dilutive effect on EPS due to the net loss incurred during the periods. As of June 30, 2004, we had outstanding \$64,394,000 of 5.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes which were convertible into 4,184,146 shares of common stock at \$15.39 per share. The notes were outstanding since their issuance in July 1997 but were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the assumed conversion of the notes would have had an anti-dilutive effect on EPS. The 5.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes were retired on August 2, 2004.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3. *Business Segments* – The primary services we provide are as follows: U.S. drilling, international drilling and rental tools. Information regarding our operations by reportable segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 is as follows:

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
		(Dollars in	Thousands)		
Drilling and rental revenues:					
U.S. drilling	\$ 31,110	\$ 20,662	\$ 58,227	\$ 40,421	
International drilling	78,301	50,515	150,473	106,552	
Rental tools	24,543	16,704	45,497	31,807	
Total drilling and rental revenues	\$ 133,954	\$ 87,881	\$ 254,197	\$ 178,780	
Drilling and rental operating income:					
U.S. drilling	\$ 7,269	\$ 3,432	\$ 15,362	\$ 5,744	
International drilling	10,556	3,652	18,438	11,796	
Rental tools	11,497	6,532	20,513	11,531	
Total drilling and rental operating income	29,322	13,616	54,313	29,071	
General and administrative	(6.400)	(6,000)	(12.276)	(12.024)	
expense	(6,400)	(6,992)	(13,376)	(13,034)	
Provision for reduction in carrying value of certain assets	_	(6,558)	_	(6,558)	
Gain on disposition of assets, net	15,898	346	16,450	1,069	
Total operating income	38,820	412	57,387	10,548	
Interest expense	(10,759)	(13,468)	(21,815)	(26,875)	
Changes in fair value of derivative positions	(1,538)	_	69	_	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(3,298)	(262)	(4,727)	(578)	
Other	455	713	1,456	755	
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 23,680	\$ (12,605)	\$ 32,370	\$ (16,150)	

4. **Discontinued Operations** – Discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 includes results of operations for U.S. Gulf of Mexico offshore assets consisting of seven jackup rigs and four platform rigs. Under a plan approved by our board of directors in June 2003, nine of the rigs were sold in the third quarter of 2004 and one was sold in January 2005. Jackup rig 14 was damaged in September 2003 when it malfunctioned and became partially submerged. We received a total loss settlement of \$27.0 million, of which \$24.3 million was received in March 2004. The remaining \$2.7 million was received in April 2004. The cost incurred to tow the rig to the port and pay for the damage assessment approximated \$4.0 million resulting in net insurance proceeds of approximately \$23.0 million. The net book value of jackup rig 14 was \$17.7 million at March 31, 2004. In compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), we were required to recognize the gain on insurance proceeds in excess of the net book value of the asset. When considered separately from the other U.S. Gulf of Mexico offshore disposal group, this resulted in a gain of approximately \$5.3 million. After considering the impact of the gain, we determined that the overall valuation of the U.S. Gulf of Mexico offshore group was unchanged from the fair value assessment at June 30, 2003. As a result, we recognized an additional impairment of \$5.3 million which, along with the gain, was reported in discontinued operations during the first quarter of 2004. The six months ended June 30, 2005, includes the operations of the last jackup rig prior to its sale on January 3, 2005.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

4. Discontinued Operations (continued)

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
		(Dollars in T	Thousands)		
U.S. jackup and platform drilling revenues	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>11,859</u>	\$ 193	\$24,258	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ (14)	\$ 2,497	\$ <u>77</u>	\$ 5,227	

5. Income Tax Expense – Income tax expense from operations consists of foreign tax expense of \$3.5 million for the second quarter of 2005 as compared to foreign tax expense of \$3.4 million for the second quarter of 2004. For the first six months of 2005 and 2004, foreign income tax expense from operations consists of \$8.3 million and \$7.5 million, respectively. The \$0.1 million and \$0.8 million increases in foreign income taxes during the current three and six-month periods were primarily due to taxes on the sale of our Latin America operations and increases in Mexico and Papua New Guinea taxes, offset by a reduction in tax for Kazakhstan and New Zealand upon confirmation of allowable expenses for filing the prior year's tax return.

6. Long-Term Debt

	June 30, 2005 Decemb			mber 31, 2004
	(Dollars in Thousands))
Senior Notes:				
Interest rate 10.125%, due 2009	\$	65,769	\$	156,039
Interest rate floating (LIBOR + 4.75%), due 2010		150,000		150,000
Interest rate 9.625%, due 2013		230,338		175,000
Capital Lease				24
Total debt		446,107		481,063
Less current portion		<u> </u>		24
Total long-term debt	\$	446,107	\$	481,039

On February 7, 2005, we retired \$25.0 million face value of our 10.125% Senior Notes pursuant to a redemption notice dated January 6, 2005 at the redemption price of 105.0625 percent. The \$21.5 million in proceeds from the sale of jackup rig 25 and cash on hand were used to fund the redemption.

On April 21, 2005, we issued an additional \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our 9.625% Senior Notes due 2013 at a premium. The offering price of 111 percent of the principal amount resulted in gross proceeds of \$55.5 million. The additional notes were issued under an indenture, dated as of October 10, 2003, under which \$175.0 million in aggregate principal amount of notes of the same series were previously issued.

On April 21, 2005, we issued a redemption notice to retire \$65.0 million of our 10.125% Senior Notes at the redemption price of 105.0625 percent. The redemption date was May 21, 2005 and was funded by the net proceeds of the \$50.0 million additional 9.625% Senior Notes and cash on hand.

Our current \$40.0 million credit facility is available for general corporate purposes and to fund reimbursement obligations of letters of credit that banks issue on our behalf pursuant to the terms of the credit facility. Availability under the revolving credit facility is subject to a borrowing base limitation of 85 percent of eligible receivables plus a value for eligible rental tools equipment. The credit facility calls for a borrowing base calculation only when the credit facility has outstanding loans or letters of credit totaling at least \$25.0 million. As of June 30, 2005, there were \$10.3 million letters of credit outstanding and no loans.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

On June 16, 2005, we issued a redemption notice to retire \$30.0 million of our 10.125% Senior Notes at the redemption price of 105.0625 percent. The redemption was July 16, 2005 and was funded by the net proceeds from the sale of our Latin America rigs and cash on hand.

7. Derivative Instruments – We use derivative instruments to manage risks associated with interest rate fluctuations in connection with our \$150.0 million Senior Floating Rate Notes. Derivative instruments, which consist of variable-to-fixed interest rate swaps, do not meet the hedge criteria in SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," and are therefore not designated as hedges. Accordingly, the change in the fair value of the interest rate swaps is recognized currently in earnings.

As of June 30, 2005, we had the following derivative instruments outstanding related to our interest rate swaps, which are included in "Other long-term liabilities":

Effective	Termination	Notional	Floating	Fixed	Fair
Date	Date	Amount	Rate	Rate	Value
September 1,	September 2,	\$50,000	Three-month LIBOR plus 475 basis	8.83%	\$(622)
2005	2008		points		
September 1, 2005	September 4, 2007	\$50,000	Three-month LIBOR plus 475 basis points	8.48%	(104)
					\$ <u>(726)</u>

8. *Contingency* – As previously reported, the Kazakhstan branch ("PKD Kazakhstan") of Parker Drilling Company International Limited ("PDCIL") prevailed on its appeal arising out of an audit assessment of approximately \$29.0 million by the Ministry of State Revenues of Kazakhstan ("MSR") based on payments PDCIL received from the operator to upgrade barge rig 257. The MSR did not appeal this ruling within the time required for a supervisory appeal, but in February 2005 filed an application for re-hearing based on new evidence. PKD Kazakhstan has filed an objection to this application for rehearing. The Supreme Court of Kazakhstan issued an order on April 12, 2005, declining the Ministry of Finance of Kazakhstan's ("MinFin") application for re-hearing.

In a related matter, based on its interpretation of the initial ruling of the Kazakhstan Supreme Court, MinFin made a claim on March 10, 2003 for corporate income taxes based primarily on the disallowance of depreciation of the full value of barge rig 257 in the income tax returns of PKD Kazakhstan for the years 1999-2001. PKD Kazakhstan instituted legal proceedings to challenge the validity of these claims by MinFin, which ultimately resulted in the Supreme Court confirming the decision of the Astana City Court, which earlier had ruled that approximately \$7.7 million of the claims of MinFin, all of which have been expensed in prior periods, are valid and payable upon receipt of the re-issuance of the corrected notice from the relevant taxing authority. MinFin has not issued a corrected notice; however, on or about August 2004, Atyrau Tax Committee ("ATC"), the tax reporting authority over PKD Kazakhstan reduced PKD Kazakhstan's available credits by approximately \$7.1 million and on or about March 2005, ATC reduced PKD Kazakhstan's available credits by the remaining balance due of \$0.6 million. While the Supreme Court disallowed depreciation for the years 1999-2001, the judgment does allow PKD Kazakhstan to depreciate the full value of barge rig 257 on its tax returns beginning in 2002, which will reduce taxable income and taxes to be paid during periods in which depreciation is allowed based on the full value. We continue to pursue our petition with the U.S. Treasury Department for Competent Authority review, which is a tax treaty procedure to resolve disputes as to which country may tax income covered under the treaty. The U.S. Treasury Department has granted our petition and has initiated proceedings with the MSR which are ongoing. We are continuing to pursue this petition to forestall future appeals by the MSR.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- 9. Recent Accounting Pronouncements In May 2005, FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections a replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3," which establishes, unless impracticable, retrospective application as the required method for reporting a change in accounting principle in the absence of explicit transition requirements specific to the newly adopted accounting principle. The reporting of a correction of an error by restating previously issued financial statements is also addressed by this Statement. We will adopt this standard effective January 1, 2006 and we do not expect any impact on our consolidated financial statements.
- 10. **Disposition of Assets** On May 6, 2005 we entered into definitive agreements with affiliates of Saxon Energy Services, Inc. ("Saxon") to sell our seven remaining land rigs and related assets in Colombia and Peru for a total purchase price of \$34 million. During the second quarter, we closed on the sale of four of the rigs and related assets and recognized an after-tax gain of \$4.2 million on the sale of the rigs. The remaining three rigs were classified as "Assets held for sale" in June 2005 and we expect to close on the sale in the third quarter.
 - On June 24, 2005, a well control incident occurred on rig 255 while operating under contract in Bangladesh, resulting in the total loss of the drilling unit. Net insurance proceeds to be received in excess of the book value of assets destroyed resulted in a gain of \$8.2 million, which was recognized in the second quarter of 2005.
- 11. Subsequent Event On July 8, 2005, barge rig 57 was being towed to safe harbor to avoid a hurricane, when it overturned. All personnel onboard the barge rig were safely evacuated with no injuries and no claims have been reported. On July 28, 2005, the United States Coast Guard and other federal, state and local agencies approved our plan to recover the barge. Once recovery has occurred, the rig will be taken to the shipyard for repairs. The rig is expected to return to service toward the end of the fourth quarter 2005 or early first quarter 2006. Based on information currently available, we do not anticipate a material financial impact from the incident.
- 12. **Parent, Guarantor, Non-Guarantor Unaudited Consolidating Condensed Financial Statements** Set forth on the following pages are the unaudited consolidating condensed financial statements of (i) Parker Drilling, (ii) our restricted subsidiaries that are guarantors of the Senior Notes and (iii) our restricted and unrestricted subsidiaries that are not guarantors of the Senior Notes. All of our Senior Notes are guaranteed by substantially all of the restricted subsidiaries of Parker Drilling. There are currently no restrictions on the ability of the restricted subsidiaries to transfer funds to Parker Drilling in the form of cash dividends, loans or advances. Parker Drilling is a holding company with no operations, other than through its subsidiaries.

AralParker (a Kazakhstan closed joint stock company, owned 50 percent by Parker Drilling (Kazakstan) Ltd. and 50 percent by Aralnedra, CJSC), Casuarina Limited (a wholly-owned captive insurance company), KDN Drilling Limited, Mallard Drilling of South America, Inc., Mallard Drilling of Venezuela, Inc., Parker Drilling Investment Company, Parker Drilling (Nigeria) Limited, Parker Drilling Company (Bolivia) S.A., Parker Drilling Company Kuwait Limited, Parker Drilling Company Limited (Bahamas), Parker Drilling Company of New Zealand Limited, Parker Drilling Company of Sakhalin, Parker Drilling de Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V., Parker Drilling International of New Zealand Limited, Parker Drilling Tengiz, Ltd., Parker TNK, PD Servicios Integrales, S. de R.L. de C.V., PKD Sales Corporation, Parker SMNG Drilling Limited Liability Company (owned 50 percent by Parker Drilling Company International, Inc.) and Universal Rig Leasing B.V. are all non-guarantor subsidiaries. We are providing unaudited consolidating condensed financial information of the parent, Parker Drilling, the guarantor subsidiaries, and the non-guarantor subsidiaries as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. The condensed consolidating financial statements present investments in both consolidated and unconsolidated subsidiaries using the equity method of accounting and includes a change to the 2004 presentation between the parent and guarantor columns of the consolidating condensed statement of cash flows from that which was previously reported.

CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2005						
	Parent	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated		
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,611	\$ 6,259	\$ 18,114	\$ —	\$ 70,984		
Accounts and notes receivable, net	186,649	125,599	39,325	(229,496)	122,077		
Rig materials and supplies	_	12,345	5,081	_	17,426		
Deferred costs	_	4,256	5,132	_	9,388		
Other current assets	3,855	5,504	2,756	100	12,215		
Total current assets	237,115	153,963	70,408	(229,396)	232,090		
Property, plant and equipment, net	134	390,151	39,265	(72,085)	357,465		
Assets held for sale	_	9,050	_	_	9,050		
Goodwill	_	107,606	_	_	107,606		
Investment in subsidiaries and intercompany advances	445,388	855,279	29,929	(1,330,596)	_		
Other noncurrent assets	12,765	8,741	878	(39)	22,345		
Total assets	\$ 695,402	\$1,524,790	\$ 140,480	\$(1,632,116)	\$ 728,556		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:							
	¢ 27 150	¢ 247.472	\$ 42.047	¢ (244.400)	¢ 92 100		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued income taxes	\$ 37,158 1,358	\$ 247,473	\$ 42,047 278	\$ (244,488)	\$ 82,190 14,650		
		13,014		(2.1.1.100)			
Total current liabilities	38,516	260,487	42,325	(244,488)	96,840		
Long-term debt	446,107	_	_		446,107		
Other long-term liabilities	(41,253)	48,495	918	_	8,160		
Intercompany payables	74,583	591,675	25,464	(691,722)	_		
Stockholders' equity:							
Common stock	16,163	39,899	21,251	(61,150)	16,163		
Capital in excess of par value	449,968	977,561	33,783	(1,011,344)	449,968		
Unamortized restricted stock plan compensation	(5,508)			_	(5,508)		
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	(283,174)	(393,327)	16,739	376,588	<u>(283,174</u>)		
Total stockholders' equity	177,449	624,133	71,773	(695,906)	177,449		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 695,402	\$1,524,790	\$ 140,480	\$(1,632,116)	\$ 728,556		
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CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET (Dollars in Thousands)

	December 31, 2004				
	Parent	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,677	\$ 7,938	\$ 19,652	\$ —	\$ 44,267
Accounts and notes receivable, net	176,548	101,445	38,213	(216,891)	99,315
Rig materials and supplies	_	13,593	5,613	_	19,206
Deferred costs		5,266	8,280	_	13,546
Other current assets	3,894	4,885	950	89	9,818
Total current assets	197,119	133,127	72,708	(216,802)	186,152
Property, plant and equipment, net	134	415,027	38,177	(70,514)	382,824
Assets held for sale	_	22,952	713	_	23,665
Goodwill	_	107,606	_	_	107,606
Investment in subsidiaries and intercompany advances	489,143	771,475	35,422	(1,296,040)	_
Other noncurrent assets	14,005	11,007	1,331		26,343
Total assets	\$ 700,401	\$1,461,194	\$ 148,351	\$(1,583,356)	\$ 726,590
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 24	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 24
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	34,772	215,852	42,156	(220,155)	72,625
Accrued income taxes	1,677	12,726	301	` <i>_</i>	14,704
Total current liabilities	36,473	228,578	42,457	(220,155)	87,353
Long-term debt	481,039				481,039
Other long-term liabilities	(40,611)	48,578	1,275	39	9,281
Intercompany payables	74,583	593,674	29,695	(697,952)	_
Stockholders' equity:					
Common stock	15,833	39,899	21,251	(61,150)	15,833
Capital in excess of par value	441,085	977,563	33,783	(1,011,346)	441,085
Unamortized restricted stock plan compensation	(718)			_	(718)
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	(307,283)	(427,098)	19,890	407,208	(307,283)
Total stockholders' equity	148,917	590,364	74,924	(665,288)	148,917
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 700,401	\$1,461,194	\$ 148,351	\$(1,583,356)	\$ 726,590
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CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 Parent Guarantor Non-Guarantor Eliminations Consolidated \$100,298 36,540 \$ (2,884) \$ 133,954 Drilling and rental revenues Drilling and rental operating expenses 56,305 34,065 (2,884)87,486 Depreciation and amortization 16,177 969 17,146 27,816 1,506 Drilling and rental operating income 29,322 General and administration expense (1) (42)(6,358)(6,400)Gain on disposition of assets, net 15,595 303 15,898 1,809 Total operating income (loss) (42)37,053 38,820 Other income and (expense): Interest expense (11,950)(12,340)(697)14,228 (10,759)Changes in fair value of derivative positions (1,538)(1,538)Loss on extinguishment of debt (3,298)(3,298)Other 11,223 2,139 1,321 (14,228)455 Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries 26,001 (26,001)Total other income and (expense) 20,438 (10,201)624 (26,001)(15,140)20,396 26,852 2,433 Income (loss) before income taxes (26,001)23,680 216 2,653 3,486 Income tax expense 617 Income (loss) from continuing operations 20,180 24,199 1,816 (26,001)20,194 Discontinued operations (14)(14)\$ 20,180 Net income (loss) \$ 24,185 1,816 \$ (26,001) 20,180

⁽¹⁾ All field operations general and administration expenses are included in operating expenses.

CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2004 Parent Guarantor Non-Guarantor Eliminations Consolidated \$ \$ 72,822 14,586 473 \$ 87,881 Drilling and rental revenues Drilling and rental operating expenses 45,499 11,749 473 57,721 Depreciation and amortization 15,435 1,109 16,544 Drilling and rental operating income 11,888 1,728 13,616 (43) General and administrative expense (1) (6,949)(6,992)Provision for reduction in carrying value of certain assets (6,558)(6,558)Gain on disposition of assets, net 47,258 346 (46,912)Total operating income (loss) (43)1,728 47,258 412 (48,531)Other income and (expense): Interest expense (14,211)(860)(13,468)(12,126)13,729 Loss on extinguishment of debt (262)(262)Other 12,990 14,895 253 (27,425)713 Equity in net loss of subsidiaries (11,763)11,763 Total other income and (expense) (13,246)2,769 (607)(1,933)(13,017)(45,762)1,121 45,325 Income (loss) before income taxes (13,289)(12,605)Income tax expense 236 3,181 3,417 Income (loss) from continuing operations (13,525)(48,943)1,121 45,325 (16,022)Discontinued operations 2,497 2,497 \$(13,525) \$ 45,325 \$ (13,525) Net income (loss) \$(46,446) 1,121

⁽¹⁾ All field operations general and administrative expenses are included in operating expenses.

CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 Consolidated Parent Guarantor Non-Guarantor Eliminations \$189,442 71,483 \$ (6,728) \$ 254,197 Drilling and rental revenues Drilling and rental operating expenses 104.213 68.388 (6,739)165,862 Depreciation and amortization 32,088 1,934 34,022 53,141 11 Drilling and rental operating income 1,161 54,313 General and administration expense (1) (84)(13,292)(13,376)Gain on disposition of assets, net 15,942 508 16,450 11 Total operating income (loss) (84)55,791 1,669 57,387 Other income and (expense): Interest expense (24,198)(24,627)(1,452)28,462 (21,815)Changes in fair value of derivative positions 69 69 Loss on extinguishment of debt (4,727)(4,727)Other 22,862 4,256 2,811 (28,473)1,456 Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries 30,609 (30,609)Total other income and (expense) 24,615 (20,371)1,359 (30,620)(25,017)24,531 35,420 3,028 Income (loss) before income taxes (30,609)32,370 4<u>22</u> 5,484 8,338 Income tax expense 2,432 Income (loss) from continuing operations 24,109 29,936 596 (30,609)24,032 Discontinued operations 77 77 24,109 \$ 24,109 \$ 30,013 596 Net income (loss) \$ (30,609)

⁽¹⁾ All field operations general and administration expenses are included in operating expenses.

CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2004 Parent Guarantor Non-Guarantor Eliminations Consolidated \$148,593 29,177 \$ 178,780 Drilling and rental revenues 1,010 Drilling and rental operating expenses 92,279 23,627 1,010 116,916 Depreciation and amortization 30,458 2,335 32,793 25,856 Drilling and rental operating income 3,215 29,071 136 General and administrative expense (1) (13,170)(13,034)Provision for reduction in carrying value of certain assets (6,558)(6,558)Gain on disposition of assets, net 47,258 1,069 (46,189)Total operating income (loss) 136 3,215 47,258 10,548 (40,061)Other income and (expense): Interest expense (28,810)27,371 (26,875)(23,662)(1,774)Loss on extinguishment of debt (578)(578)Other 25,311 2,476 347 (27,379)755 Equity in net loss of subsidiaries (13,968)13,968 Total other income and (expense) (18,045)(21,186)(1,427)13,960 (26,698)(17,909)(61,247)61,218 (16,150)Income (loss) before income taxes 1,788 Income tax expense 480 6,986 7,466 (23,616) Income (loss) from continuing operations (18,389)(68,233)1,788 61,218 Discontinued operations 5,227 5,227 \$(18,389) \$ 61,218 Net income (loss) \$ (63,006) 1,788 \$ (18,389)

⁽¹⁾ All field operations general and administrative expenses are included in operating expenses.

CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six Month Ended June 30, 2005				
	Parent	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$ 24,109	\$ 30,013	\$ 596	\$ (30,609)	\$ 24,109
Adjustments to reconcile net income					
(loss) to net cash provided by					
(used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	_	32,088	1,934	_	34,022
Gain on disposition of assets	_	(15,942)	(508)	_	(16,450)
Expenses not requiring cash	2,100	600	_	_	2,700
Equity in net earnings of					
subsidiaries	(30,609)	_	_	30,609	_
Discontinued operations	_	25	_	_	25
Change in operating assets and					
liabilities	(8,463)	12,713	726		4,976
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	(12,863)	59,497	2,748	_	49,382
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Capital expenditures	_	(29,416)	(3,225)	_	(32,641)
Proceeds from the sale of assets	_	40,119	1,424	_	41,543
Net cash provided by (used in)					
investing activities	_	10,703	(1,801)	_	8,902
			(1,001)		
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from issuance of debt	55,500				55,500
Principal payments under debt	33,300				33,300
obligations	(90,025)	_	_	_	(90,025)
Proceeds from stock options	(50,025)				(50,025)
exercised	2,958	_	_	_	2,958
Intercompany advances, net	74,364	(71,879)	(2,485)	_	_,,,,,,
Net cash provided by (used in)		<u>(* 3222</u>)			
financing activities	42,797	(71,879)	(2,485)	_	(31,567)
	72,777	(71,677)	(2,403)		(31,307)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	20.024	(1 (70)	(1.520)		26.717
equivalents	29,934	(1,679)	(1,538)	_	26,717
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of					
•	16,677	7,938	19,652		44,267
year					
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ <u>46,611</u>	\$ 6,259	\$ 18,114	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 70,984
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CONSOLIDATING CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

		Six	Months Ended June 30,	2004	
	Parent	Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$(18,389)	\$(63,006)	\$ 1,788	\$ 61,218	\$ (18,389)
Adjustments to reconcile net income					
(loss) to net cash provided by					
(used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	_	30,458	2,335	_	32,793
Gain on disposition of assets	_	46,189	_	(47,258)	(1,069)
Gain on sale of marketable securities	(762)	_	_	_	(762)
Provision for reduction in carrying					
value of certain assets	_	6,558	_	_	6,558
Expenses not requiring cash	3,539	606	(5)	_	4,140
Equity in net loss of subsidiaries	13,968	_	_	(13,968)	_
Discontinued operations	_	51	_	_	51
Change in operating assets and					
liabilities	697	(18,801)	613	8	(17,483)
Net cash provided by (used in)		·			
operating activities	(947)	2,055	4,731	_	5,839
operating activities	(>)				
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Capital expenditures	_	(15,350)	(309)	_	(15,659)
Proceeds from the sale of assets	_	1,407		_	1,407
Proceeds from insurance settlement	_	27,000	_	_	27,000
Proceeds from sale of marketable					
securities	1,377	_	_	_	1,377
Net cash provided by (used in)					
investing activities	1,377	13,057	(309)		14,125
myesting denvines	1,577	13,037	(30)		11,125
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Principal payments under debt					
obligations	(45.021)	0.6			(45.725)
<u> </u>	(45,831)	96	_	_	(45,735)
Proceeds from stock options exercised	277				277
		(12.250)	(9.606)	_	277
Intercompany advances, net	20,962	(12,356)	(8,606)		
Net cash used in financing activities	(24,592)	(12,260)	(8,606)		(45,458)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash					
equivalents	(24,162)	2,852	(4,184)	_	(25,494)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of					
year	53,055	7,806	6,904		67,765
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 28,893	\$ 10,658	\$ 2,720	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 42,271
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders Parker Drilling Company

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated condensed balance sheet of Parker Drilling Company and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2005, and the related consolidated condensed statements of operations for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 and the consolidated condensed statements of cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated condensed interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2004, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, management's assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004 and the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004; and in our report (which contains an explanatory paragraph for a change in accounting for goodwill) dated March 15, 2005, we expressed unqualified opinions thereon. The consolidated financial statements and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting referred to above are not presented herein. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated condensed balance sheet as of December 31, 2004, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Houston, Texas August 8, 2005

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the terms "Parker Drilling," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Parker Drilling Company, its subsidiaries and the consolidated joint ventures, unless the context requires otherwise.

This Form 10-Q contains statements that are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements contained in this Form 10-Q, other than statements of historical facts, are "forward-looking statements" for purposes of these provisions, including any statements regarding:

- * prices and demand for oil and natural gas;
- * levels of oil and natural gas exploration and production activities;
- * demand for contract drilling and drilling-related services and demand for rental tools;
- * our future operating results;
- * our future rig utilization, rig dayrates and rental tools activity;
- * our future capital expenditures and investments in the acquisition and refurbishment of rigs and equipment;
- our future liquidity;
- * availability and sources of funds to reduce our debt and expectations of when debt will be reduced;
- future sales of our assets;
- * the outcome of pending legal proceedings;
- * our recovery of insurance proceeds with respect to damage to our rigs and equipment;
- * compliance with covenants under our credit facilities; and
- * expansion and growth of our operations.

In some cases, you can identify these statements by words that indicate future events such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "outlook," "may," "should," "will" and "would" or similar words. Forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by our management in light of their experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors they believe are relevant. Although our management believes that their assumptions are reasonable based on information currently available, those assumptions are subject to significant risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside of our control. The following factors, as well as any other cautionary language in this Form 10-Q and other documents referenced herein, provide examples of risks, uncertainties and events that may cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations we describe in our forward-looking statements:

- * worldwide economic and business conditions that adversely affect market conditions and/or the cost of doing business;
- * the U.S. economy and the demand for natural gas;
- * fluctuations in the market prices of oil and gas;
- * imposition of unanticipated trade restrictions;
- * unanticipated operating hazards and uninsured risks;
- * political instability, terrorism or war;
- * governmental regulations, including changes in tax laws or ability to remit funds to the U.S., that adversely affect the cost of doing business;
- * adverse environmental events;
- * adverse weather conditions;
- * changes in the concentration of customer and supplier relationships;
- * unexpected cost increases for upgrade and refurbishment projects;
- * delays in obtaining components for capital projects;
- shortages of skilled labor;
- * unanticipated cancellation of contracts by operators without cause;
- * breakdown of equipment and other operational problems;
- changes in competition; and
- * other similar factors (some of which are discussed in documents referred to in this Form 10-Q).

Each forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of this Form 10-Q, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or

revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You should be aware that the occurrence of the events described above and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

OUTLOOK AND OVERVIEW

Our return to profitability in the first quarter has not only continued but accelerated in the second quarter of 2005 as record oil and gas prices favorably impacted utilization and dayrates for most of our drilling operations and rental tools business. Improved market conditions, fueled to a substantial degree by strong demand and uncertainty regarding adequate supply, have enabled us to increase utilization each quarter since the third quarter of 2003. We anticipate that these market conditions should keep energy pricing favorable throughout 2005.

Outlook for all of our operating segments continues to be positive. Our eight rigs in Mexico have operated at 100 percent utilization all year and are under contract through most of 2006. Operations in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico region achieved 79 percent utilization in the second quarter and the high level of utilization in this market has continued to drive further increases in dayrates, which we anticipate will continue through at least the end of 2005. We expect our customer using barge rig 257 in the Caspian Sea to exercise the option for an additional four wells after completion of our existing two-well contract, extending work on barge rig 257 through 2006. In Russia, the Orlan platform departed its construction site in Korea and is currently undergoing commissioning offshore Sakhalin Island. Our five-year operations and maintenance ("O&M") contract with Exxon Neftegas Limited ("ENL") on this platform is expected to begin in late August. Rig 236 has arrived in Turkmenistan where operations on a three-year contract are targeted to begin late August, increasing our presence in Turkmenistan to three rigs.

During the second quarter of 2005, we entered into agreements for the sale of seven of our rigs located in Colombia and Peru, and have closed on the sale of four of the rigs. The three remaining rigs are expected to close during the third quarter. Proceeds from the sales plus cash on hand were used to redeem \$30.0 million of our 10.125% Senior Notes in mid-July. In Bangladesh, rig 255 which was under contract to Niko Resources was involved in a well control incident on June 24, 2005, resulting in the total loss of the drilling unit. The rig was insured, and we plan to replace the drilling unit by the end of the first quarter of 2006.

As of June 30, 2005, we had approximately \$100.7 million in liquidity, comprised of \$71.0 million cash on hand and \$29.7 million of availability under our revolving credit facility. Including the redemption of the \$30.0 million of our 10.125% Senior Notes in mid-July, we have reduced debt by approximately \$180 million of our \$200 million goal. Although we anticipate completing the final \$20 million of our debt reduction goal in the near future, we believe our liquidity will continue to increase throughout the remainder of 2005, primarily from operating cash flows.

On July 8, 2005, as we moved barge rig 57 inland from the Gulf of Mexico in anticipation of an approaching hurricane, the rig overturned. The United States Coast Guard and other federal, state and local authorities have approved our plan to recover the rig and the process has begun. We expect the rig to return to service in late fourth quarter 2005 or early first quarter 2006. Based on information currently available, we do not anticipate a material financial impact from the incident.

In our second quarter earnings release conference call, we reaffirmed our previously announced guidance of net income per share. Including non-routine items of \$0.07 per share through the second quarter of 2005, our guidance for 2005 on a net income per share basis is \$0.23 to \$0.33 for 2005. However, based on the results achieved in the second quarter, we would expect to be more toward the higher end of the range.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2004

We recorded net income of \$20.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2005, as compared to a net loss of \$13.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004, which includes income of \$2.5 million attributed to discontinued operations.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

The analysis below begins with a breakdown of the continuing operations followed by a discussion of discontinued operations.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2005		2004			
		(Dollars	in Thousands)			
Drilling and rental revenues:						
U.S. drilling	\$ 31,110	23%	\$ 20,662	24%		
International drilling	78,301	59%	50,515	57%		
Rental tools	24,543	<u>18</u> %	16,704	<u>19</u> %		
Total drilling and rental revenues	\$ <u>133,954</u>	100%	\$ 87,881	100%		
Drilling and rental operating income: U.S. drilling gross margin (1) International drilling gross margin (1) Rental tools gross margin (1) Depreciation and amortization	\$ 12,272 18,604 15,592 (17,146)	39% 24% 64%	\$ 8,156 12,012 9,992 (16,544)	39% 24% 60%		
Total drilling and rental operating income (2)	29,322		13,616			
General and administration expense Provision for reduction in carrying value of certain assets Gain on disposition of assets, net	(6,400) — 15,898		(6,992) (6,558) 346			
Total operating income	\$ 38,820		\$ 412			

(1) Drilling and rental gross margins are computed as drilling and rental revenues less direct drilling and rental operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense; drilling and rental gross margin percentages are computed as drilling and rental gross margin as a percent of drilling and rental revenues. The gross margin amounts and gross margin percentages should not be used as a substitute for those amounts reported under GAAP. However, we monitor our business segments based on several criteria, including drilling and rental gross margin. Management believes that this information is useful to our investors because it more closely tracks cash generated by segment. Such gross margin amounts are reconciled to our most comparable GAAP measure as follows:

		International	
	U.S. Drilling	Drilling	Rental Tools
		(Dollars in Thousands)	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2005			
Drilling and rental operating income			
(2)	\$ 7,269	\$ 10,556	\$ 11,497
Depreciation and amortization	5,003	8,048	4,095
Drilling and rental gross margin	\$ 12,272	\$ 18,604	\$ 15,592
Three Months Ended June 30, 2004			
Drilling and rental operating income			
(2)	\$ 3,432	\$ 3,652	\$ 6,532
Depreciation and amortization	4,724	8,360	3,460
Drilling and rental gross margin	\$ 8,156	\$ 12,012	\$ 9,992

⁽²⁾ Drilling and rental operating income — drilling and rental revenues less direct drilling and rental operating expenses, including depreciation and amortization expense.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

U.S. Drilling Segment

The U.S. drilling segment, consisting of 19 barge rigs, continued to experience improvements in both rig utilization and dayrates during the second quarter of 2005 with utilization at 79 percent for the second quarter 2005, up from 67 percent in the second quarter of 2004. As a result, revenues increased \$10.4 million in the second quarter of 2005 when compared to the second quarter of 2004. Dayrates increased approximately 27 percent. The increase in revenues was also impacted by the reactivation of workover barge rig 26 during the fourth quarter of 2004 and intermediate barge rig 20 during the third quarter of 2004. In addition, barge rig 72 was relocated to the U.S. segment from Nigeria in the first quarter of 2005, repairs were completed and the rig returned to service in May 2005. We currently have nine deep drilling barges, four intermediate drilling barges and six workover barges in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico market.

Gross margins in the U.S. drilling segment increased \$4.1 million. Gross margins were positively impacted by higher utilization and dayrates which more than offset startup costs of \$2.2 million incurred on barge rig 72. Operating expenses increased by \$6.3 million during the current quarter as a result of higher utilization, resulting in gross margin percentages of 39 percent for both the second quarter of 2005 and 2004.

International Drilling Segment

International drilling revenues increased \$27.8 million during the current quarter as compared to the second quarter of 2004. Our international land drilling revenues increased \$22.0 million and international offshore revenues increased by \$5.8 million. The international land drilling increase is primarily attributed to the following:

- \$12.6 million increase in Mexico where our land rigs operated the entire quarter in 2005, but had not yet begun operations in the comparable quarter in 2004;
- \$3.0 million increase in the CIS region, primarily due to increased revenues for reimbursement of costs of \$4.6 million and increased rates of \$0.2 million on our rig 262 O&M contract and \$0.6 million increase on our Orlan O&M contract which was not in effect in the second quarter of 2004. These increases were partially offset by a decline in revenues of \$1.6 million in Russia, where rig 236 operated in the second quarter of 2004, but was stacked mid-year 2004, and a decline under our Tengizchevroil ("TCO") contract of \$0.7 million where one less TCO-owned rig worked in 2005 than in 2004;
- \$3.9 million increase in New Zealand where three rigs operated the entire second quarter of 2005 and only one rig operated the entire second quarter of 2004; and
- \$2.8 million increase in Papua New Guinea where we had two rigs operating and two labor contracts in the second quarter of 2005 and one rig operating and two labor contracts in 2004.

Revenues decreased slightly under our Kuwait labor contract as there were fewer personnel provided in 2005. Operating expenses for the international land operations were consistent with the increase in revenues. Gross margin percentage for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 decreased to 28 percent from 35 percent when compared to the second quarter of 2004 primarily due to higher revenues for reimbursable expenses for which only a five to 10 percent handling fee is charged related to our Sakhalin Island project and declining margin under our TCO contract where we had reduced dayrates from rental equipment and higher labor costs.

International offshore revenues increased \$5.8 million during the second quarter of 2005 as compared to the second quarter of 2004. The increase in revenues is attributed primarily to our Caspian Sea operation where barge rig 257 resumed operation in late 2004, and to our offshore rig in Mexico, which combined for a \$7.0 million increase. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in our Nigerian operations where revenues declined by \$1.3 million due primarily to lower revenues for reimbursable expenses in 2005. International offshore gross margin increased to eight percent in the second quarter of 2005 compared to a negative gross margin in the comparable period in 2004. Gross margin in 2005 has been negatively impacted by the amortization over the contract term of startup and mobilization costs relating to barge rig 257. The increase in gross margin resulted primarily from the \$2.3 million accrual made in the second quarter of 2004 for additional Value Added Tax ("VAT") for a Nigerian assessment.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Rental Tools Segment

Rental tools revenues increased \$7.8 million to \$24.5 million during the second quarter of 2005 as compared to the second quarter of 2004. Revenues increased at all locations with \$1.0 million from New Iberia, Louisiana, \$2.9 million from Victoria and \$2.0 million from Odessa, both of which are in Texas, and \$0.6 million from operations in Evanston, Wyoming. International sources also contributed \$1.3 million to the increased revenues as we continue to leverage our rental tools business with our international relationships. The revenues increase was driven by a 16 percent increase in rental tools utilization during the current quarter compared to the second quarter of 2004 and increased rental tools gross margins increased \$5.6 million to \$15.6 million for the current quarter as compared to the second quarter of 2004. Gross margin percentage increased to 64 percent as compared to 60 percent for the second quarter of 2004, due to a 47 percent increase in revenues and only a 34 percent increase in operating expenses. Direct costs increased during the current quarter due to increased parts purchases, higher costs associated with repairing and maintaining tools, increased sub-rentals needed to meet demand, increased costs from tool dispositions, and increased transportation costs associated with transporting tools between locations.

Other Financial Data

In the second quarter of 2005, we completed the sale of four of our seven land rigs in Colombia and Peru. The sale of these four rigs resulted in a gain on disposition of assets of \$6.4 million. In addition, as a result of the well control incident on rig 255 in Bangladesh and the estimated settlement from insurance proceeds, we recognized a gain of \$8.2 million in the second quarter of 2005.

During the second quarter of 2004, we recognized \$6.6 million in provision for reduction in carrying value of certain assets. Of this provision, \$5.1 million is the result of valuing the Latin America land rigs at the lower of net book value or fair value. In addition, we reserved \$1.5 million against an asset representing the premiums paid on two split dollar life insurance policies for Robert L. Parker. The value of the asset was reduced to the cash surrender value of the insurance policies. These provisions did not recur in 2005.

Interest expense declined by \$2.7 million in the current quarter of 2005 when compared to the second quarter of 2004 as we continue to benefit from lower overall debt and reduced interest rates resulting from the replacement of higher interest rate debt with lower cost issuances.

In August 2004, we entered into two variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreements, which are still outstanding. The swap agreements do not qualify for hedge accounting and accordingly, we report the mark-to-market change in the fair value of the interest rate derivatives currently in earnings. For the three months ended June 30, 2005, we recognized a \$1.5 million decrease in the fair value of the derivative positions. For additional information see Note 7 in the notes to the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements.

On April 21, 2005, we issued an additional \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our 9.625% Senior Notes due 2013 at a premium. The offering price of 111 percent of the principal amount resulted in gross proceeds of \$55.5 million. The \$5.5 million premium is reflected as long-term debt and is being amortized over the term of the notes. The additional notes were issued under an indenture, dated as of October 10, 2003, under which \$175.0 million in aggregate principal amount of notes of the same series were previously issued. On the same date that we issued the \$50.0 million additional 9.625% Senior Notes, we issued a redemption notice for \$65.0 million of our 10.125% Senior Notes at the redemption price of 105.0625 percent, resulting in a \$3.3 million loss on the extinguishment of debt in the second quarter of 2005.

Income tax expense from operations consists of \$3.5 million foreign tax expense for the second quarter of 2005 as compared to foreign tax expense of \$3.4 million for the second quarter of 2004. The \$0.1 million increase in foreign income taxes during the current three-month period was primarily due to taxes on the sale of our Latin America operations and increases in Mexico and Papua New Guinea taxes, offset by a reduction in tax for Kazakhstan and New Zealand upon confirmation of allowable expenses for filing the prior year's tax return.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Analysis of Discontinued Operations

	Three Months Ended June 30,			30,
	2005			2004
	(Dollars in Thousands)
U.S. jackup and platform drilling revenues	\$	_	\$	11,859
U.S. jackup and platform drilling gross margin	\$	(3)	\$	2,548
Loss on disposition of assets, net of impairment		(11)		(51)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	(14)	\$	2,497

U. S. jackup and platform drilling revenues were \$11.9 million during the second quarter of 2004 and operating income was \$2.5 million. The last of these rigs, jackup rig 25, was sold on January 3, 2005.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 Compared with the Six Months Ended June 30, 2004

We recorded net income of \$24.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005, as compared to a net loss of \$18.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004 which includes income of \$5.2 million attributed to discontinued operations. The income from continuing operations for the current six-month period was \$24.0 million compared to a loss of \$23.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

In June 2003, the board of directors approved a plan to sell the U.S. jackup and platform drilling operations and the Latin America operations. In compliance with GAAP, in June 2003, we recognized the U.S. jackup and platform drilling and the Latin America operations as discontinued operations. In early 2004, the board of directors concurred with our plan to market certain Latin America land rigs in Mexico. In early May 2004, we were awarded a five-rig contract and a two-rig contract in Mexico and as a result, the seven land rigs were moved from discontinued operations to continuing operations effective the first of May 2004.

The remaining nine land rigs in Latin America were reclassified from discontinued operations to continuing operations effective June 30, 2004, based on the GAAP requirement that if a discontinued asset is not disposed of or subject to a definitive sales agreement within a one-year period, such asset is required to return to continuing operations.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

The analysis below begins with a breakdown of the continuing operations followed by a discussion of discontinued operations.

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2005		2004		
		(Dollars in	Thousands)		
Drilling and rental revenues:					
U.S. drilling	\$ 58,227	23%	\$ 40,421	23%	
International drilling	150,473	59%	106,552	59%	
Rental tools	45,497	18%	31,807	18%	
		· 			
Total drilling and rental revenues	\$254,197	100%	\$178,780	100%	
Drilling and rental operating income:					
U.S. drilling gross margin (1)	\$ 25,001	43%	\$ 15,224	38%	
International drilling gross margin (1)	34,973	23%	28,158	26%	
Rental tools gross margin (1)	28,361	62%	18,482	58%	
Depreciation and amortization	(34,022)		(32,793)		
Total drilling and rental operating income (2)	54,313		29,071		
General and administration expense	(13,376)		(13,034)		
Provision for reduction in carrying value of certain assets	(13,370)		(6,558)		
Gain on disposition of assets, net	16,450		1,069		
Total operating income	\$ <u>57,387</u>		\$ 10,548		

(1) Drilling and rental gross margins are computed as drilling and rental revenues less direct drilling and rental operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense; drilling and rental gross margin percentages are computed as drilling and rental gross margin as a percent of drilling and rental revenues. The gross margin amounts and gross margin percentages should not be used as a substitute for those amounts reported under GAAP. However, we monitor our business segments based on several criteria, including drilling and rental gross margin. Management believes that this information is useful to our investors because it more closely tracks cash generated by segment. Such gross margin amounts are reconciled to our most comparable GAAP measure as follows:

	U.S. Drilling	International Drilling	Rental Tools
		(Dollars in Thousands)	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2005			
Drilling and rental operating income (2)	\$ 15,362	\$ 18,438	\$ 20,513
Depreciation and amortization	9,639	16,535	7,848
Drilling and rental gross margin	\$ 25,001	\$ 34,973	\$ 28,361
Six Months Ended June 30, 2004			
Drilling and rental operating income (2)	\$ 5,744	\$ 11,796	\$ 11,531
Depreciation and amortization	9,480	16,362	6,951
Drilling and rental gross margin	\$ 15,224	\$ 28,158	\$ 18,482

⁽²⁾ Drilling and rental operating income — drilling and rental revenues less direct drilling and rental operating expenses, including depreciation and amortization expense.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

U.S. Drilling Segment

The U.S. drilling segment, consisting of 19 barge rigs, achieved increases in both rig utilization and dayrates during the first six months of 2005. As a result, revenues increased \$17.8 million during the first six months of 2005 as compared to 2004. Barge rig utilization increased from 64 percent to 78 percent and dayrates increased approximately 24 percent.

Gross margins in the U.S. drilling segment increased \$9.8 million. Gross margins were positively impacted by the increased utilization and dayrates. Operating expenses increased by \$8.0 million due primarily to increased utilization. Gross margin percentage increased from 38 percent during the first six months of 2004 to 43 percent during 2005.

International Drilling Segment

International drilling revenues increased \$43.9 million during the current six-month period as compared to 2004. Our international land drilling revenues increased \$34.1 million, of which \$25.0 million is the result of our seven land rigs in Mexico operating the entire first six months of 2005 whereas the rigs did not begin operation until July in 2004. We also had a \$5.9 million increase in revenues related to our New Zealand operations where all three rigs operated during the first six months of 2005 compared to only one rig operating in the six months ended June 30, 2004, \$5.7 million under our O&M contracts with ENL for rig 262 and the Orlan platform, and \$5.0 million in Papua New Guinea, where we had higher dayrates and utilization on both of our rigs and two labor contracts. In Turkmenistan, revenues increased \$1.2 million as two rigs operated the entire six months in 2005 and only one rig operated during the first quarter of 2004 and the second rig began in late March 2004. These increases in international land revenues were partially offset by declines in Latin America due to the sale of rigs. Revenues declined \$2.1 million on our TCO contract due to lower dayrates on rental equipment and \$3.8 million in Russia where rig 236 was transferred to Turkmenistan in the second quarter of 2005. International land gross margin increased \$2.5 million due primarily to the utilization increases in Mexico, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea and Bangladesh offset by a decline in gross margin on our TCO and Sakhalin Island contracts due to higher reimbursable items for which the margin is only five to 10 percent.

International offshore revenues increased \$9.8 million during the six months ended 2005 as compared to 2004. The increase in revenues is attributed primarily to our Caspian Sea operation as barge rig 257 worked the entire six months in 2005, generating \$12.5 million in revenues and was stacked during the comparable period in 2004. Revenues also increased on our deep drilling barge rig in Mexico as the rig operated the entire period in 2005 as opposed to 26 days in the first six months of 2004. These increases were partially offset by revenue declines of \$6.4 million in Nigeria related to barge rig 74, which was on standby rate through early March 2004 but had been removed from the rig fleet in December 2004 and to a reduction in dayrates on barge rigs 73 and 75. The significant increase in revenues positively impacted our gross margins of 11 percent for the current period. Gross margin percentage for the first six months of 2004 was negative primarily due to the accrual of a \$2.3 million VAT assessment in Nigeria in the second quarter of 2004 and lower overall revenues in 2004.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Rental Tools Segment

Rental tools revenues increased \$13.7 million to \$45.5 million during the first six months of 2005 as compared to 2004. Increases were \$0.5 million from the New Iberia, Louisiana operations, \$4.0 million from Victoria and \$4.8 million from Odessa, both of which are in Texas, and \$1.7 million from Evanston, Wyoming. We also had increases of \$2.7 million from international sources. All locations experienced increased customer demand and an expansion in the customer base. Rental tools gross margins increased \$9.9 million to \$28.4 million for the current six-month period as compared to 2004. Gross margin percentage increased to 62 percent during the first six months of 2005, as compared to 58 percent during 2004 due to a 43 percent increase in revenues and only a 29 percent increase in operating expenses. Direct costs increased due to higher activity levels which drove up inspection costs, tool repair and maintenance costs, parts purchases and increased sub-rentals needed to meet customer demand. Cost related to tool sales and transportation also increased. Salaries and benefits were also higher due to increases in both the workforce and overtime.

Other Financial Data

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$1.2 million in the current six-month period as compared to the comparable period of 2004. The increase is primarily associated with the classification of the Latin America land rigs as discontinued operations in 2004 during which no depreciation was recorded. Seven of these rigs were moved to continuing operations in May 2004 at which time we resumed recording depreciation. The remaining nine land rigs were moved to continuing operations effective June 30, 2004 and resumed recording depreciation in July 2004.

During the second quarter of 2004, we recognized \$6.6 million in provision for reduction in carrying value of certain assets. Of this provision, \$5.1 million was the result of valuing the Latin America land rigs at the lower of net book value or fair value and \$1.5 was for the provision accrued on split dollar life insurance policies. See the quarter comparison for more information. There were no such provisions in the six months ended June 30, 2005.

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, we recorded a gain on disposition of assets of \$16.5 million. This gain includes \$6.4 million related to rig sales in Colombia and Peru, \$8.2 million related to the excess of insurance proceeds over book value due to the well control incident on rig 255 in Bangladesh, and \$0.5 million on the sale of land rig 220 in Nigeria.

Interest expense declined \$5.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to 2004 as long-term debt and related interest rates have continued to decline as a result of our debt and interest reduction programs.

Loss on extinguishment of debt increased \$4.1 million during 2005 as compared to 2004. During the second quarter we redeemed \$65.0 million of our 10.125% Senior Notes at a premium of \$3.3 million. In February 2005, we repurchased \$25.0 million of the 10.125% Senior Notes with proceeds that we had received in January 2005 from the sale of jackup rig 25, resulting in \$1.4 million loss on extinguishment of debt including the write-off of unamortized debt costs and redemption premium. During the first quarter of 2004, \$0.3 million was recognized as loss on extinguishment of debt related to the retirement of 9.75% Senior Notes in the fourth quarter of 2003 and in the second quarter of 2004 we repurchased \$30.3 million of our 5.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes at a premium of \$0.3 million.

Income tax expense from operations consists of \$8.3 million foreign tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to foreign tax expense of \$7.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004. The \$0.8 million increase in taxes during the current sixmonth period was primarily due to taxes on the sale of our Latin America operations and increases in Mexico and Papua New Guinea taxes, offset by a reduction in tax for Kazakhstan and New Zealand upon confirmation of allowable expenses for filing the prior year's tax return.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Analysis of Discontinued Operations

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2005		2004
	<u> </u>	(Dollars in	n Thousands)
U.S. jackup and platform drilling revenues	\$	193	\$ 24,258
U.S. jackup and platform drilling gross margin	\$	102	\$ 5,278
Loss on disposition of assets, net of impairment		(25)	(51)
Income from discontinued operations	\$	77	\$5,227

Jackup and platform drilling rig revenues were \$24.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004. Gross margin for the jackup and platform rigs in 2004 was \$5.3 million. All jackup and platform rigs were sold in 2004 except for jackup rig 25, which was sold on January 3, 2005.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Operating Cash Flows

As of June 30, 2005, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$71.0 million, an increase of \$26.7 million from December 31, 2004. The primary sources of cash for the six-month period as reflected on the consolidated condensed statements of cash flows were \$49.4 million provided by operating activities and \$41.5 million of proceeds from the disposition of assets. The primary uses of cash for the six-month period ended June 30, 2005 were \$32.6 million for capital expenditures and \$31.6 million for financing activities. Major capital expenditures for the period included \$17.4 million for tubulars and other rental tools. Our financing activities included a net reduction in debt of \$34.5 million, which is further detailed in a subsequent paragraph.

As of June 30, 2004, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$42.3 million, a decrease of \$25.5 million from December 31, 2003. The primary sources of cash for the six-month period as reflected on the consolidated condensed statements of cash flows were \$5.8 million provided by operating activities, \$27.0 million of insurance proceeds, and \$2.8 million of proceeds from the disposition of assets and marketable securities. The primary uses of cash for the six-month period ended June 30, 2004 were \$15.7 million for capital expenditures and \$45.7 million for reduction of debt. Major capital expenditures for the period included \$4.4 million to refurbish barge rig 53 for work in Mexico and \$4.1 million for tubulars and wellhead equipment for Quail Tools. The major component of our debt reduction was the purchase of \$40.8 million face value of outstanding 5.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes at an average redemption price of 100.711 percent. We also paid off \$5.1 million of a secured promissory note to Boeing Capital Corporation at a premium.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

Financing Activity

Our current \$40.0 million credit facility is available for general corporate purposes and to fund reimbursement obligations under letters of credit the banks issue on our behalf pursuant to this facility. Availability under the revolving credit facility is subject to a borrowing base limitation based on 85 percent of eligible receivables plus a value for eligible rental tools equipment. The credit facility calls for a borrowing base calculation only when the credit facility has outstanding loans or letters of credit totaling at least \$25.0 million. As of June 30, 2005, there were \$10.3 million letters of credit outstanding and no loans.

On February 7, 2005, we redeemed \$25.0 million face value of our 10.125% Senior Notes pursuant to a redemption notice dated January 6, 2005 at the redemption price of 105.0625 percent or \$1.3 million. Proceeds from the sale of jackup rig 25 and cash on hand were used to fund the redemption.

On April 21, 2005, we issued an additional \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our 9.625% Senior Notes due 2013 at a premium. The offering price of 111 percent of the principal amount resulted in gross proceeds of \$55.5 million. The \$5.5 million premium is reflected as long-term debt and amortized over the term of the notes. The additional notes were issued under an indenture, dated as of October 10, 2003, under which \$175.0 million in aggregate principal amount of notes of the same series were previously issued.

On the same date that we issued the additional \$50.0 million of 9.625% Senior Notes (April 21, 2005), we issued a redemption notice for \$65.0 million of our 10.125% Senior Notes at the redemption price of 105.0625 percent, or \$3.3 million. The redemption date was May 21, 2005, and was funded by the net proceeds from the issuance of the additional 9.625% Senior Notes and cash on hand.

On June 16, 2005, we issued a redemption notice to retire \$30.0 million of our 10.125% Senior Notes at the redemption price of 105.0625 percent. The redemption date was July 16, 2005 and was funded with net proceeds from the sale of our Latin America rigs and cash on hand.

We had total long-term debt of \$446.1 million as of June 30, 2005. The long-term debt included:

- \$65.8 million aggregate principal amount of 10.125% Senior Notes, which are due November 15, 2009;
- \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of Senior Floating Rate Notes bearing interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 4.75%, which are due September 1, 2010; and
- \$230.3 million aggregate principal amount of 9.625% Senior Notes, which are due October 1, 2013.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

Financing Activity (continued)

As of June 30, 2005, we had approximately \$100.7 million of liquidity. This liquidity was comprised of \$71.0 million of cash and cash equivalents on hand and \$29.7 million of availability under the revolving credit facility.

The following table summarizes our future contractual cash obligations.

	Total	Less than 1 Year	Years 2 - 3	Years 4 - 5	More than 5 Years
			(Dollars in Thousands)	
Contractual cash obligations:					
Long-term debt — principal (1)	\$440,608	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 65,608	\$375,000
Long-term debt — interest (1)	275,275	40,898	82,676	79,140	72,561
Operating leases (2)	13,278	4,630	4,891	2,806	951
Total contractual obligations	\$729,161	\$45,528	\$ 87,567	\$147,554	\$448,512
Commercial commitments:					
Revolving credit facility (3)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Standby letters of credit (3)	10,310	10,310			
Total commercial commitments	\$ 10,310	\$10,310	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$

⁽¹⁾ Long-term debt includes the principal and interest cash obligations of the 9.625% Senior Notes, the 10.125% Senior Notes, and the Senior Floating Rate Notes. The unamortized premiums of \$0.2 million and \$5.4 million at June 30, 2005 related to the 10.125% Senior Notes and 9.625% Senior Notes, respectively, are not included in the contractual cash obligations schedule. Some of the interest on the Senior Floating Rate Notes has been hedged through variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreements. The issuer (Bank of America, N.A.) of each swap has the option to extend each swap for an additional two years at the termination of the initial swap period. For this table, the highest interest rate currently hedged is used in calculating the interest on future floating rate periods.

We do not have any unconsolidated special-purpose entities, off-balance-sheet financing arrangements or guarantees of third-party financial obligations. We have no energy or commodity contracts.

OTHER MATTERS

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2005, FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections a replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3," which establishes, unless impracticable, retrospective application as the required method for reporting a change in accounting principle in the absence of explicit transition requirements specific to the newly adopted accounting principle. The reporting of a correction of an error by restating previously issued financial statements is also addressed by this Statement. We will adopt this standard effective January 1, 2006 and we do not expect any impact on our consolidated financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Operating leases consist of lease agreements in excess of one year for office space, equipment, vehicles and personal property.

⁽³⁾ We have a \$40.0 million revolving credit facility. As of June 30, 2005 there was no draw down on the credit facility, but \$10.3 million of availability has been used to support letters of credit that have been issued, resulting in an estimated \$29.7 million availability. The revolving credit facility expires in December 2007.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We use derivative instruments to manage risks associated with interest rate fluctuations in connection with our \$150.0 million Senior Floating Rate Notes. Derivative instruments, which consist of two variable-to-fixed interest rate swaps, do not meet the hedge criteria in SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" and are therefore not designated as hedges. Accordingly, the change in the fair value of the interest rate swaps is recognized currently in earnings.

As of June 30, 2005, we had the following derivative instruments outstanding related to our interest rate swaps, which are included in "Other long-term liabilities:"

Effective Date	Termination Date	Notional Amount	Floating Rate	Fixed Rate	Fair Value
September 1, 2005	September 2, 2008	\$50,000	Three-month LIBOR plus 475 basis points	8.83%	\$(622)
September 1, 2005	September 4, 2007	\$50,000	Three-month LIBOR plus 475 basis points	8.48%	(104)
					\$ <u>(726)</u>

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures – We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Securities Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure based on the definition of "disclosure controls and procedures" in Rule 13a-15(e). In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. We performed evaluations under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2005. Based on the foregoing, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level as of June 30, 2005.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting – There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2005 covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES, USE OF PROCEEDS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

None

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits:

The following exhibits are filed as a part of this report:

Exhibit	
Number	Description
10.1	Irrevocable Commercial Offer for the Purchase and Sale of Assets from Parker Drilling Company International Limited ("PDCIL"), to Saxon Services de Panama, S.A., ("Saxon Panama"), dated May 6, 2005, and Purchase Order from Saxon Panama dated May 6, 2005 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's 8-K filed May 12, 2005)
10.2	Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Assets (Peru-Rig 250) by and between Parker Drilling Company of Oklahoma Incorporated, Sucureal del Peru ("PDOK Peru") and Saxon Services del Peru S.A. ("Saxon Peru") dated May 6, 2005 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's 8-K filed May 12, 2005)
10.3	Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Assets (Rigs 131 and 145) between Parker Drilling Company of Oklahoma Incorporated, Home Office ("PDOK Home") and Saxon Panama dated May 6, 2005 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's 8-K filed May 12, 2005)
10.4	Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Assets (Peru-Rig 228) between Universal Rig Service Corp. and PDCIL, as vendors, and Saxon Peru dated May 6, 2005 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's 8-K filed May 12, 2005)
10.5	Guarantee of Parker Drilling Company (Peru 250 Agreement)
15	Letter re Unaudited Interim Financial Information
31.1	Section 302 Certification – Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Section 302 Certification – Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Section 906 Certification – Chief Executive Officer
32.2	Section 906 Certification – Chief Financial Officer
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Parker Drilling Company

Registrant

Date: August 8, 2005

By: /s/ Robert L. Parker Jr.

Robert L. Parker Jr.

President and Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ W. Kirk Brassfield

W. Kirk Brassfield

Vice President, Finance and Accounting

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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32.2	Section 906 Certification – Chief Financial Officer

Schedule of Substantially Identical Documents Omitted

The Guarantee of Parker Drilling Company guaranteeing the obligations of the Parker Drilling Company of Oklahoma Incorporated, Sucursal del Peru ("Parker OK") in the Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Assets between Parker OK and Saxon Services del Peru, S.A. ("Saxon Peru") dated May 6, 2005 (referenced as Exhibit 10.2 herein), was filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's 8-K filed May 12, 2005.

Parker Drilling Company also executed substantially similar guarantees on June 15, 2006, guaranteeing the obligations of the respective subsidiaries of Parker Drilling Company named as the offeror or vendor(s) in the following agreements:

- (a) Irrevocable Commercial Offer for the Purchase and Sale of Assets from Parker Drilling Company International Limited ("PDCIL"), as offeror, to Saxon Services de Panama, S.A. ("Saxon Panama") dated May 6, 2005 (referenced in Exhibit 10.1 herein),
- (b) Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Assets (Rig 228) between Universal Rig Service Corp. and PDCIL, as vendors, and Saxon Peru dated May 6, 2005 (referenced in Exhibit 10.4 herein)

August 8, 2005

Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F Street N.E. Washington, D.C. 20549

Re: Parker Drilling Company Registration on Form S-8, Form S-3 and Form S-4

We are aware that our report dated August 8, 2005, on our review of interim financial information of Parker Drilling Company and subsidiaries for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 and included in the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 is incorporated by reference in its registration statements on Form S-8 (File Nos. 333-124697, 33-57345, 333-59132, 333-70444, 333-41369, 333-84069 and 333-99187), Form S-4 (File No. 333-126669), and Form S-3 (File No. 333-36498).

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PARKER DRILLING COMPANY

RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION

I, Robert L. Parker Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005, of Parker Drilling Company (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(e) and 15d–15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2005

/s/ Robert L. Parker Jr.

Robert L. Parker Jr.

President and Chief Executive Officer

PARKER DRILLING COMPANY RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION

I, James W. Whalen, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005, of Parker Drilling Company (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report:
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(e) and 15d–15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a–15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2005

/s/ James W. Whalen James W. Whalen

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, the undersigned officer of Parker Drilling Company (the "Company") hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

- 1. The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Dated: August 8, 2005

/s/ Robert L. Parker Jr.

Robert L. Parker Jr.

President and Chief Executive Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure statement.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, the undersigned officer of Parker Drilling Company (the "Company") hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

- 1. The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Dated: August 8, 2005

/s/ James W. Whalen

James W. Whalen

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure statement.